

Collaborative Research on Coarse Particle Processing

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Context - Global Copper Industry

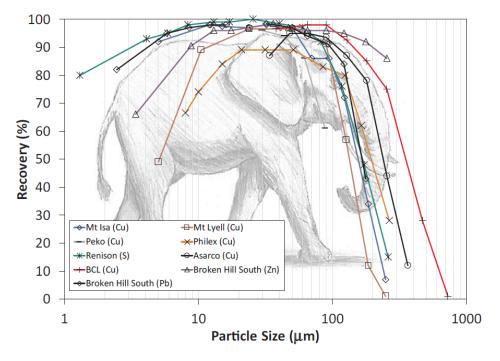
- The global consumption of copper over the next 25 years will exceed all the copper ever mined to date Robin Batterham, 2015
- BUT the quality of deposits is decreasing, and the orebodies are becoming increasingly more complex and difficult to process
- Mineral flotation is one of the primary processes for upgrading metalliferous ore bodies
- The advent of technology for processing coarse particles by flotation as one of the foremost areas where significant improvements in mineral processing are possible – Robin Batterham, 2013



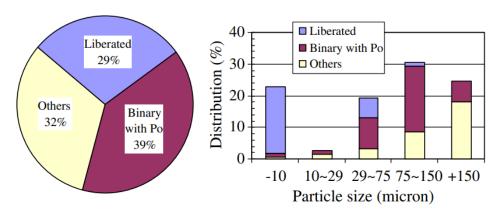


Processing Coarser Particles

- Coarse particles recovery is a well known problem in mineral flotation
- Poor recoveries are typically caused by:
 - Poor suspension
 - High levels of particle/bubble detachment
 - Poor liberation
 - Poor reagent coverage
 - Poor froth transport
 - Lack of predictive capability
- In some operations, 50% of all losses to tailings occur in the +75µm size fraction – e.g. Vale Inca's Thompson Mill operation, (Dai et al., 2008)



Kohmuench et al, 2018





Processing Coarser Particles

- Increased plant **throughput** (up to 25% for copper ore)
- Energy savings, particularly in comminution due to reduced grinding effort
- Improved de-watering performance
- Reduction on Acid Mine Drainage risk
- Potential for increased revenue due to **reduced losses** (up to 26%) reduction in losses)
- Viability of access to new ore bodies that otherwise may be deemed uneconomic

Key focus area for mineral processing research and development





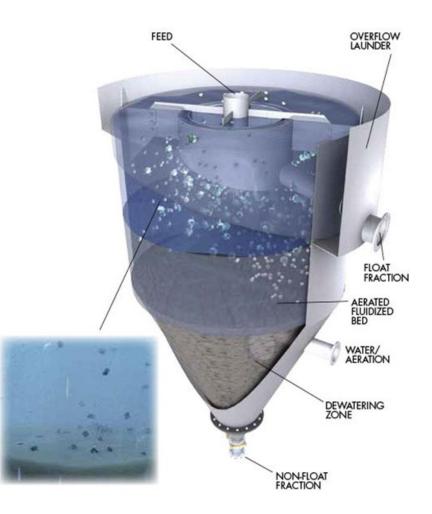
Eriez HydroFloat[™] Technology

ADVANTAGES

- Fluidised bed suspension no mechanical agitation
- Low turbulence Decreased detachment
- Intense interaction between bubbles and particles Improved attachment
- Fluidization water increases particle retention time in the cell
- No froth layer no froth transport losses

CHALLENGES

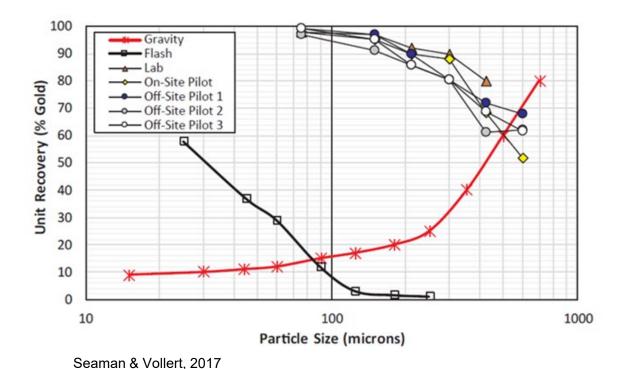
- Requires de-slimed feed (1:6 ratio)
- No existing model for HydroFloat[™] performance
- No developed understanding of how it fits within existing flotation circuits





Eriez HydroFloat[™] Performance

- Highly promising results from early installations Newcrest
 - Significant improvement in coarse particle recovery $(100 600 \mu m)$
 - Fills in the performance gap between conventional flotation cells and gravity separators (jigs, DMS, etc).







The Ever-present Challenge of Funding....

Traditional Academic Funding	Industry Funding
Highly fundamental research	Applied research
KPIs – Journal publications	KPIs – Outcomes directly applicable onsite
Timeline – several years	Timeline – 6 months

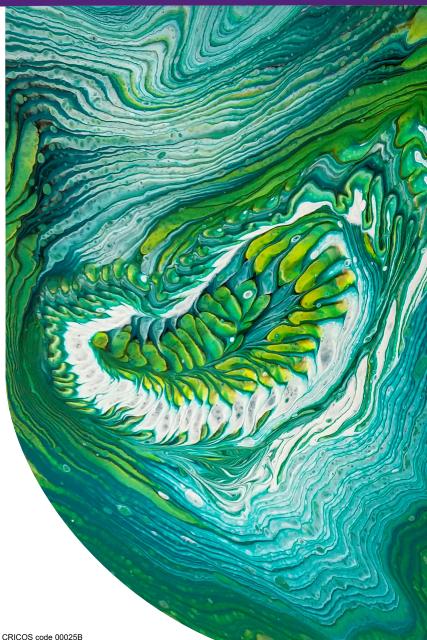
- What about something in between?
 - Applied research not seen as "scientific" enough for academic funding
 - Too removed from day to day practice for industry funding
- Multi-party collaborative research programs
 - Several companies jointly fund a long term (3 5 years) research program
 - E.g. AMIRA P9 project series, currently running for 50 years





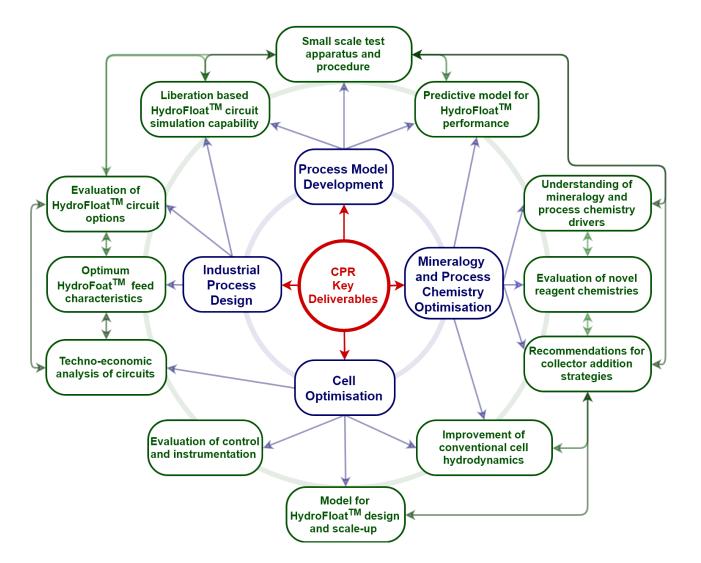
Proposed Collaborative Consortium

- Collaborative Consortium for Coarse Particle Processing Research ٠ (CPR)
- Aims to enable efficient and co-ordinated research efforts aimed at • producing practical and applied solutions to industrial issues surrounding coarse particle processing
- Particular research focus on the Eriez HydroFloat[™] technology, ٠ with participation by Eriez Flotation Division
- Seed funding for program establishment provided by the Complex • **Ore Bodies Program**





Proposed Projects



- Several candidates for research projects have been put forward
- Further consultation will be sought as to the research priorities of individual sponsors
- Choice of which projects form part of Core vs Individual research will be made by the Steering Committee
- Three project have already started through Early Sponsorship

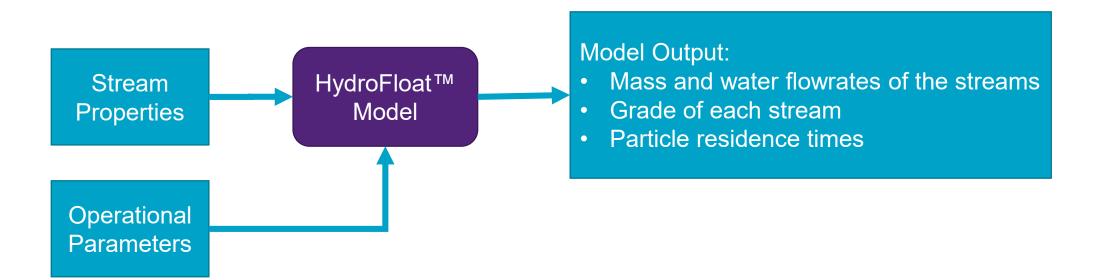


Development of a Semi-empirical Model of the HydroFloat[™] Cell

Student: Konuray Demir, Supervisor – Kym Runge, Angus Morrison, Cathy Evans, Jaisen Kohmuench Sponsor - Eriez FD & Newcrest

HydroFloat[™] is a new technology but there is no model to predict its performance. The aim of this study is to develop a

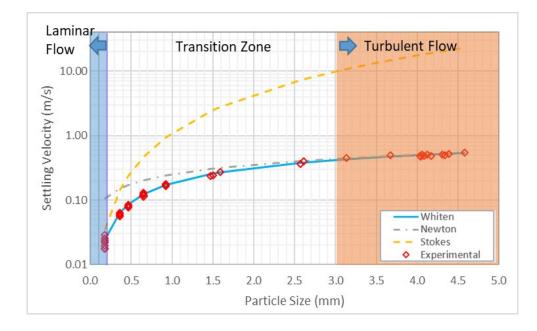
semi-empirical model which can predict the HydroFloat[™] cell's performance by using stream properties and key operational parameters.

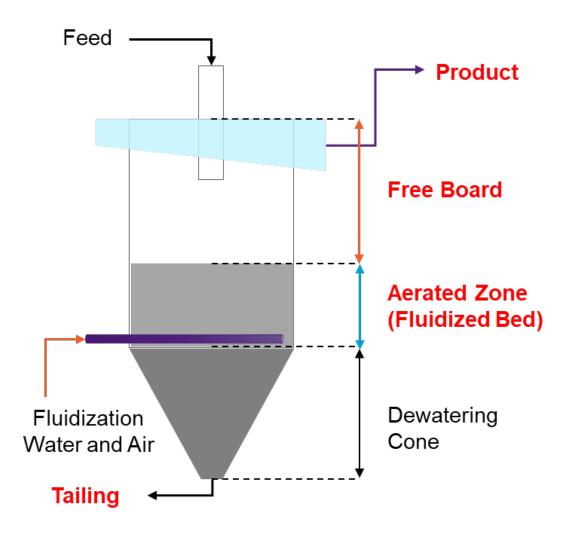




Work Plan (1/2)

- Performed a site based pilot plant study of the HydroFloat[™] with Eriez
- Formulation of the preliminary model structure in Matlab
- Validation of the existing settling & fluidisation models



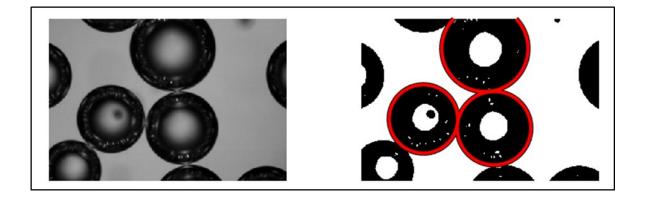




Work Plan (2/2)

- Design, Procurement & Construction of a HF-150
 pilot rig
- Coding of automation software using NI LabView
- Purchase of a probe for bubble size measurement & development of analysis script
- 3 month site program at Newcrest's Cadia operation, commencing January 2020



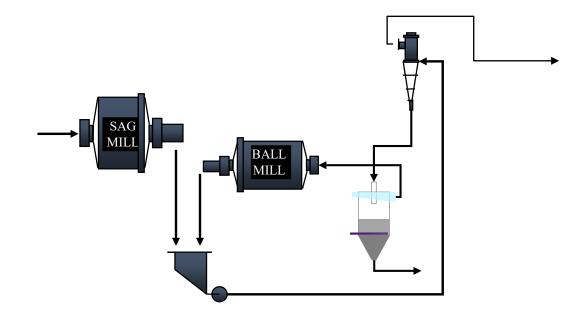






HydroFloat[™] Waste Rejection Circuit Options

Student: Hayla Miscela, Supervisor – M. Yahyaei & K. Runge, Sponsor - Newcrest



Questions to be Addressed:

- How do we maximise mineral surface exposure at a coarse size?
- ➤ How do we produce the coarse and narrowly sized feed required by the HydroFloat[™]?
- ➤ How does the circuit cater for the large amounts of water in the HydroFloat[™] concentrate?
- How is it best incorporated into our conventional grinding circuits?
- Can novel grinding/classification equipment be utilised in new circuit designs?



HydroFloat[™] Waste Rejection Circuit Options

Initial Project Activities

- Hayla Miscela recruited and commenced studies in Oct 2019
- Student literature review underway
- Review of existing Newcrest piloting information
- Negotiation with Loesche, Gekko and others to arrange an assessment of their new technologies





Experimental Characterisation of the HydroFloat™

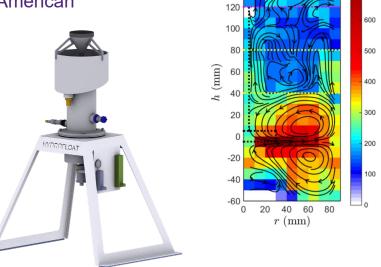
Student: Matthew Dzingai , Supervisor – Angus Morrison & Tom Leadbeater, Sponsor - Anglo American

Objective:

- Provide experimental insights into the system hydrodynamics
- Evaluate alternative operating and design options
- Collect the experimental data appropriate for use in a parallel computational modelling project (to assist in model development and validation)

Scope of Work:

- Construct two scales of laboratory machine
- Measure the performance and bed behaviour in the laboratory-scale cells under various feed, operating & design conditions.
- Measure the detailed motion of bed particles by class in the laboratoryscale cells using PEPT.



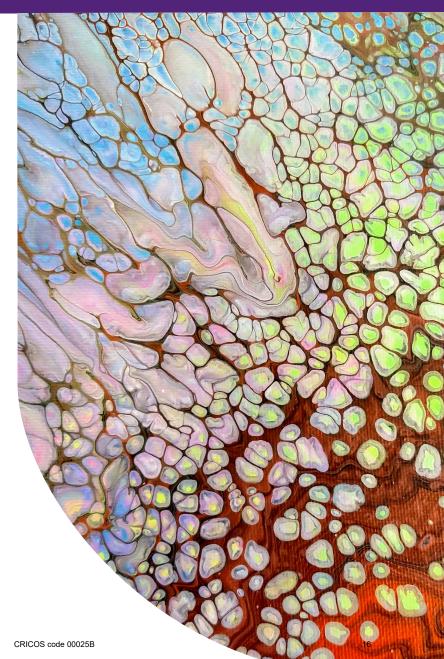


CRICOS code 00025B



What of the CPR Program?

- Currently in the process of drafting legal agreements
- Commitment from Eriez Flotation Division
- Signed agreements with two mining companies as early sponsors
 - Anglo American
 - Newcrest
- Contract negotiations with:
 - Four more mining companies
 - Two equipment manufacturers
 - One technical service provider
 - One reagent supplier
- Program is expected to kick off in February 2020



Thank you

A/Prof Kym Runge BE BSc PhD Group Leader - Separation

Dr Liza Forbes BSc.Eng(Chem), PhD Eng (Chem) Senior Research Fellow - Separation

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