

System Dynamics in Mining

Complex Ore Bodies - Project review

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Outline

I) Introduction: Sustainability challenges in Mining

II) System dynamics (SD)

III) SD and Mining

IV) Current research - modelling

V) Looking forward: main objectives and project development

VI) Conclusion: Key messages



Sustainability challenges in Mining

- The mining industry must sustain its supply of minerals and metals while facing rising socio-economic complexities and growing pressure to deliver value to society both locally and globally
- Looking beyond traditional planning methods to transform challenges into shared opportunities and contribute to a long-term positive legacy beyond mine closure





System Dynamics

A system thinking approach helping to represent and understand complex systems, simulate and observe behavioural trends over time

From "The Limits to Growth" to topical application in sustainability spaces, mainly policy analysis and design

- Models features
- Causal relationships (reinforcing or balancing)
- Feedback loops and delays
- Flows affecting "stocks" (accumulations)

Problemarticulation Identification of key variables Definition of boundaries Time horizon and reference modes Causal loop diagram Stock and flows diagram Simulations and tests





SD and Mining

- Interactions between operations, local governments, the environment and host communities are inherently complex and dynamic
- Mining companies increasingly recognize their operations as fully embedded within local socioeconomic systems
- Business planning should encompass these dynamics over the entire life mine cycle

Soft System Methodologies (Checkland)

System Dynamics

(Forrester)

- The association of System Dynamics and Soft System
- methodologies is appropriate to deal with the multi-faceted societal complexities in mining



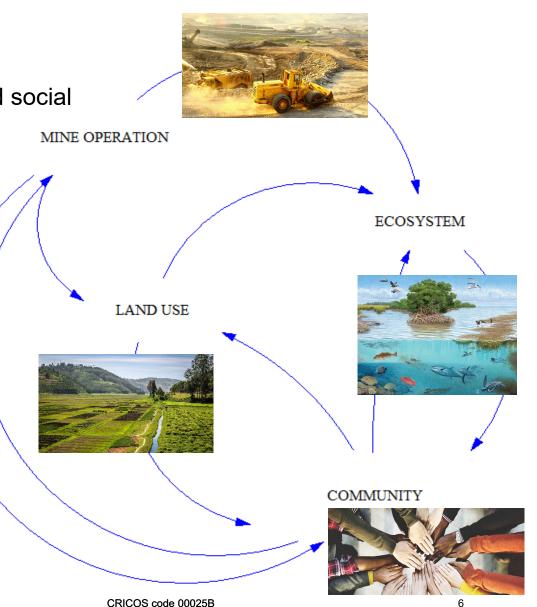
First models quantifying interrelated economic, technical and social dynamics of mining

Priority concerns: Land use and environmental H&S (Mancini and Sala, 2018)

Cyanide gold leaching ٠

Leaching technologies, potential contamination, community health and perception of hazard and social acceptance

Mining induced displacement • Commodity price, investments, footprint expansion, economic and physical displacements, disruption of livelihoods





Modelling environment: STELLA Architect

- Causal loop diagrams
- Stock and flows modelling
- Sensitivity Analysis
- Simulation and user's story interface

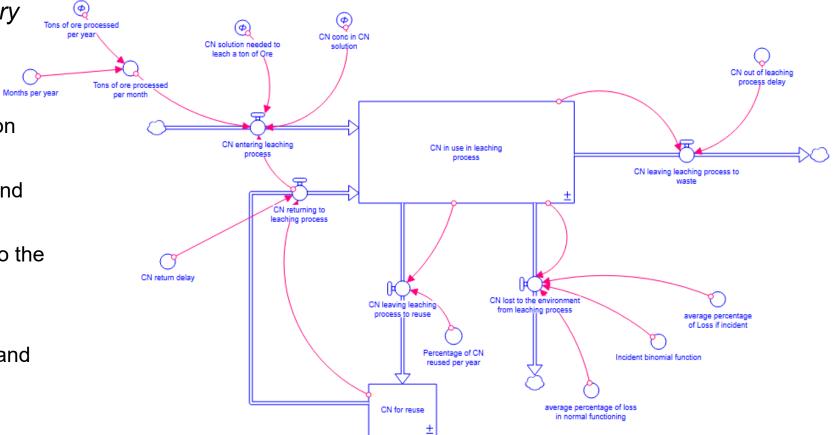
Stella[®] Architect

Premium modeling and interactive simulations

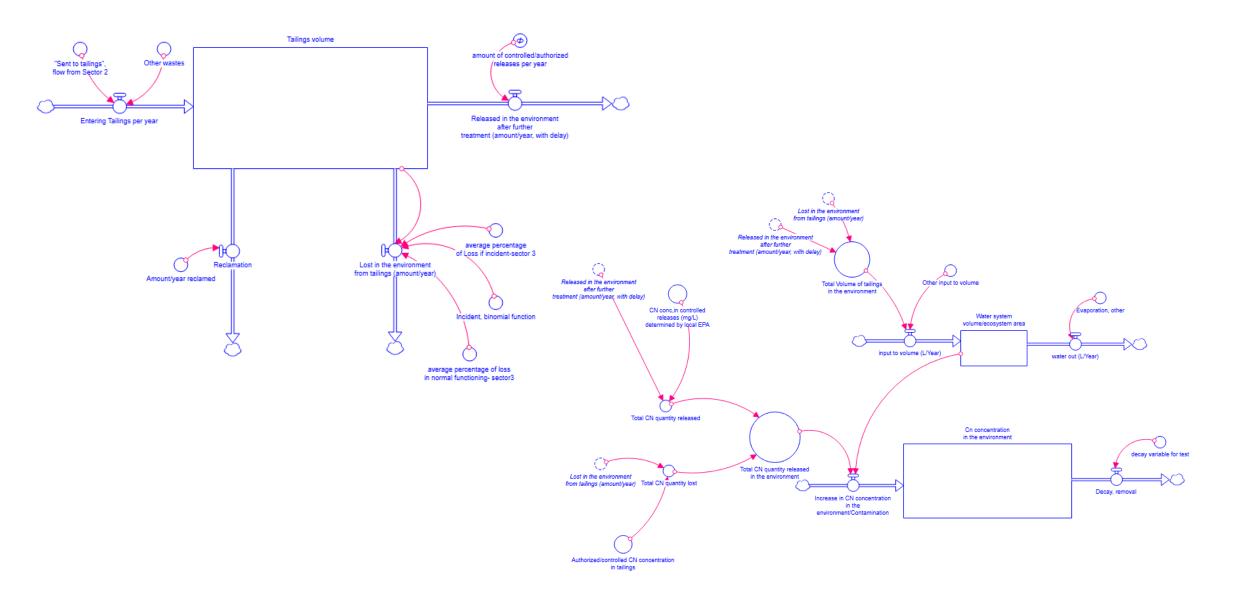


Cyanide leaching process, the story

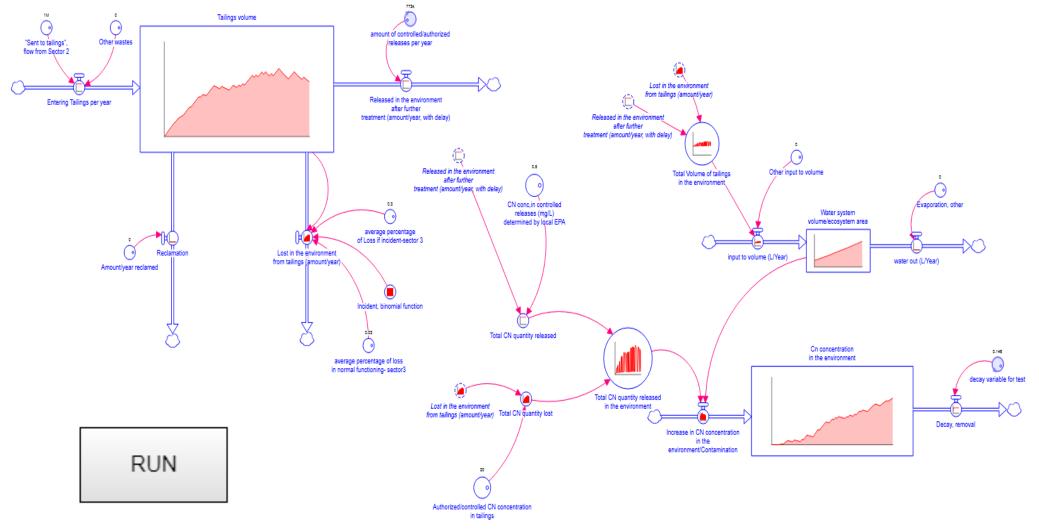
- Heap leaching process
 - amount of ore processed/year
 - cyanide solution and concentration needed to leach a ton of ore
 - type and number of regulations and good practices applied
 - amount of controlled released into the environment per year
 - risk of incident
 - public perception, sense of trust and support



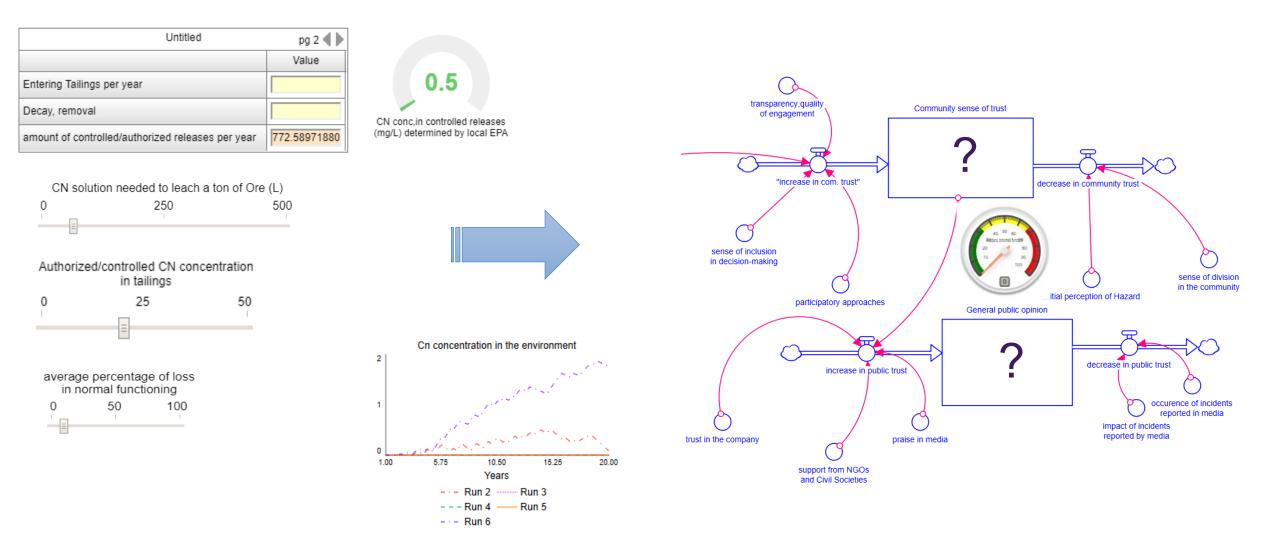














Objectives – Looking forward

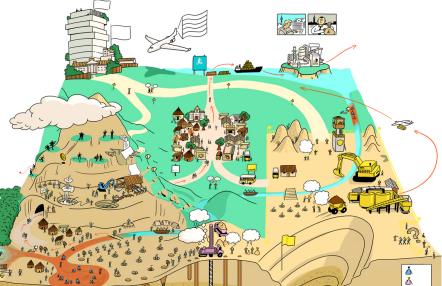
- Case studies
- Stakeholder and community engagement
- > Concrete outcomes for mining companies to inform decision-making in sustainable planning
- Develop innovative courses and trainings
- Sustained collaborations
- UQ Business School
- Participation to APSDC 2020





Key messages

- > A new multi-disciplinary approach to help solve complex problems and reduce uncertainties
- A tool to facilitate stakeholders's involvement, enriching decision-making through different and better informed perspectives (Bosch et al., 2007)
- A humble approach: a model is a continuous improvement process, must include different mental models, and serve a useful purpose





Thank you

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