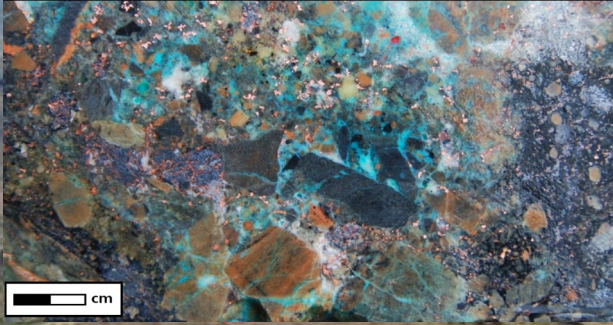


# Northwest Mineral Province Deposit Atlas

## Selwyn Region Cu-Au-Mo Deposits



**INDUSTRY TECHNICAL WORKSHOP**  
6th December, 2018

## Selwyn Region Cu-Au-Mo Deposits Atlas

### Workshop Exercise

Using recently-released, '1370' Cloncurry detailed Magnetics & Radiometrics and Chinova Gravity, heli-TEM & geochemistry ...

*“Where would you be wanting to hold tenure?”*

**IDENTIFY outstanding drill targets in the Selwyn Region**

#### **Materials/Data Provided:**

NWQMP Deposit Atlas-Selwyn Chapter

IOCG characteristics

Recently-released, '1370' Cloncurry detailed Magnetics & Radiometrics (geotifs)

Selwyn Region geology & geophysics geotiffs

Mount Elliott-SWAN geology, geophysics & geochemistry geotiffs

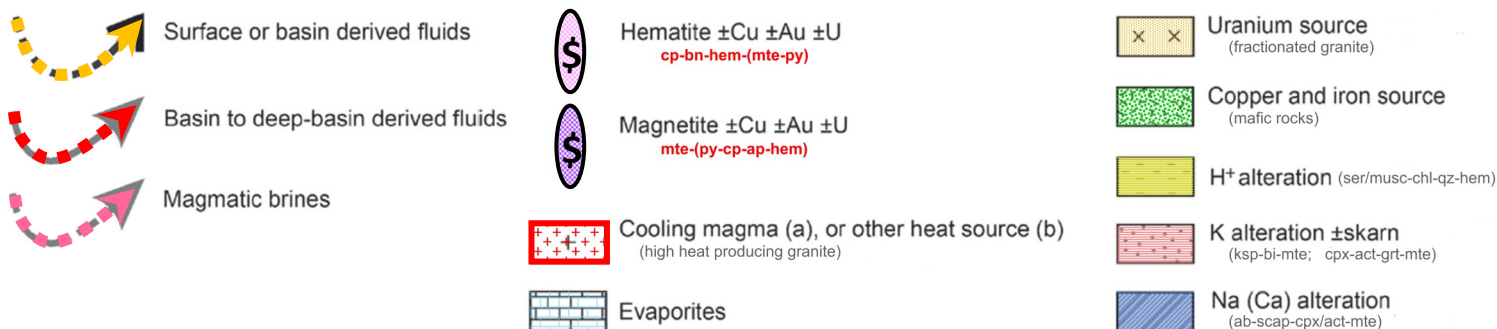
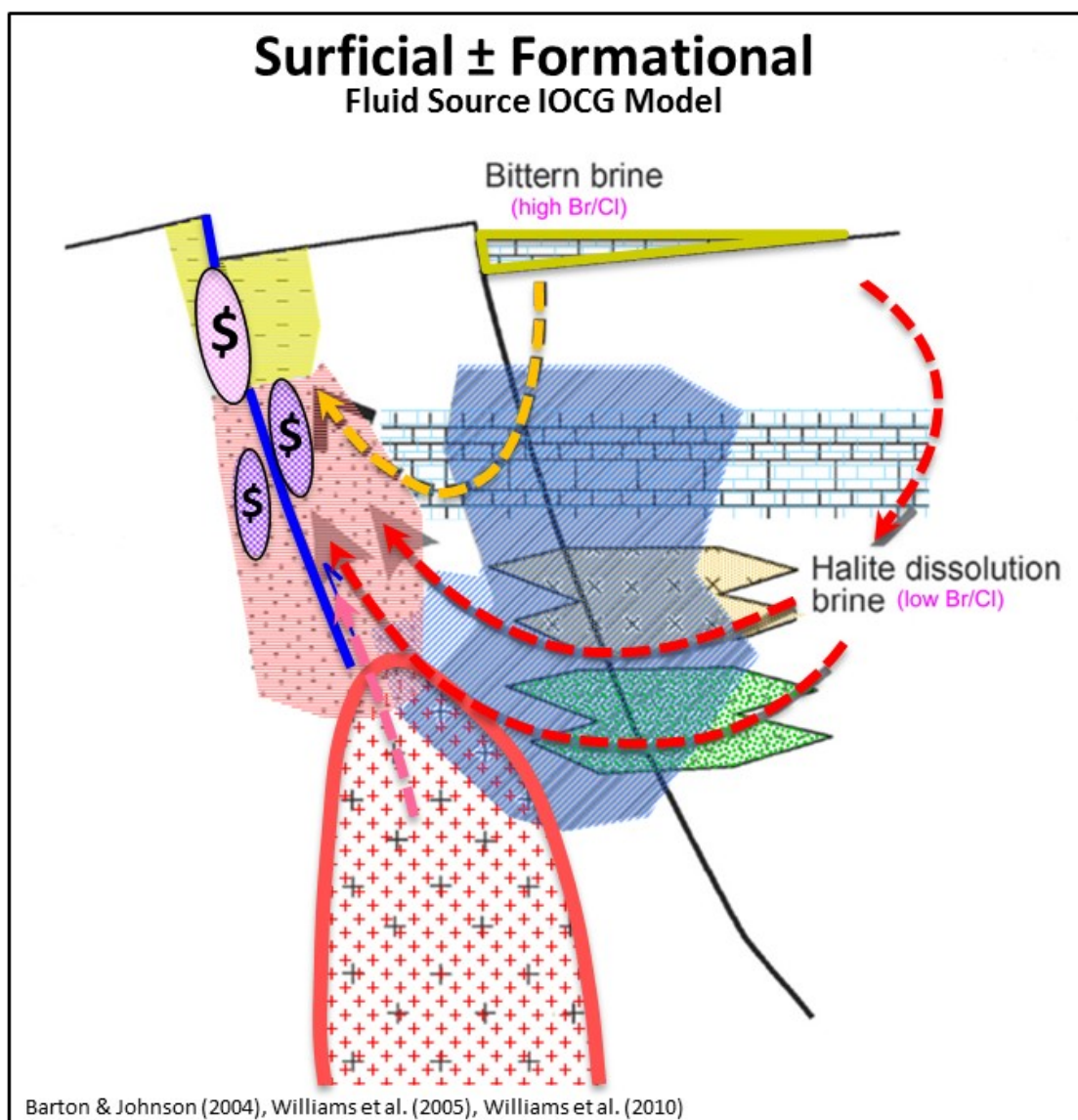
Merlin-Mount Dore geology, geophysics & geochemistry geotiffs

Starra Line geology, geophysics & geochemistry geotiffs



Generally agreed IOCG characteristics:

- abundant, low-Ti, Fe-oxides: **magnetite** and/or **hematite**;
- **Cu ± Au** at economic grades;
- a distinctive suite of minor elements: (*differing mixes of*) **Ag**, REE, **U**, **Mo**, F, P, Ni, As, **Co**, & Ba;
- an association with extensive & pervasive alkali alteration – both sodic-calcic, **Na-(Ca)** and potassic, **K**;
- formed in shallow crustal environments, in brittle regimes (*in the 2-12km depth range*);
- prominent **structural ± lithological** control;
- most commonly coeval, but (*usually*) not proximal to magmatism (*plutons & batholithic complexes*);
- common district association with Cu-Au-barren, Fe-oxide deposits.



### Na(-Ca) Alteration

- Semi-regional to regional extent?
- Fracture & fabric-controlled
- Bleaching due to biotite & graphite destruction
- Quartz-(hematitic) albite-sericite-calcite ( $\pm$ scapolite  $\pm$ pyrite  $\pm$ pyrrhotite  $\pm$ fluorite) intensifies inward
- Post-peak metamorphic in timing.



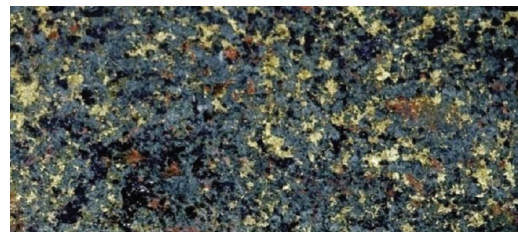
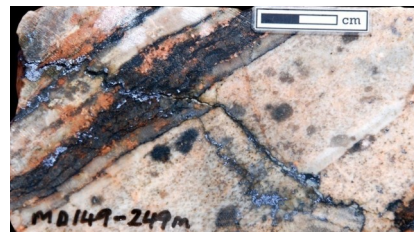
### Stronger Na-Ca Alteration

- texturally-destructive
- clinopyroxene (diopside-hedenbergite) and/or amphibole (actinolite-tremolite)-scapolite
- Veined to vein network to breccia






### K Alteration (& Mineralisation)











- Fracture/breccia-controlled to massive replacement
- K feldspar-calcite-clinopyroxene  $\pm$ andradite garnet
- Clinopyroxene-actinolite-scapolite-calcite-magnetite ( $\pm$ andradite  $\pm$ tourmaline  $\pm$ allanite  $\pm$ apatite  $\pm$ biotite  $\pm$ K feldspar)
- Late fracture/breccia-controlled mineralisation
- Chlorite-epidote-calcite-chalcopyrite-pyrite-magnetite  $\pm$ hematite












# Selwyn Regional LEGENDS

-  Merlin Mo projected
-  Little Wizard Mo projected
-  Mount Dore Cu projected


























## Structure




-  late Xcut Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  very late D4 Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  late D4 Faults (syn-late WILLIAMS)
-  early D4 Faults (syn WILLIAMS)
-  D3 Faults
-  D2 Faults
-  D2-D3 antiform
-  D2-D3 synform
-  D1 Faults
-  pre D1 Faults

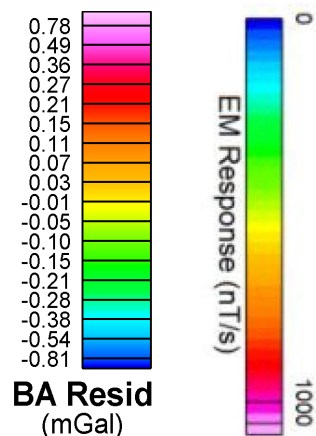
-  contacts
-  bedding trend lines
-  metamorphic trend lines
-  amphibolite, metadolerite
-  metabasalt

-  Amythest Castle breccia
-  WILLIAMS (Mount Dore, Yellow Waterhole, Squirrel Hills Granites)
-  metadolerite, amphibolite
-  SWAN diorite

## TIMESLICE / Stratigraphy / Lithology




-  XXXX (undifferentiated)
-  XXXX (carbonaceous metased)
-  XXXX (shale, slate, carbonaceous silt)
-  XXXX (phyllite)
-  XXXX (schist)
-  XXXX (metadolerite)
-  XXXX (metabasalt)
-  ANSWER (undifferentiated)
-  NEW HOPE-MT NORNA (New Hope Sandstone)
-  KURIDALA (undifferentiated)
-  KURIDALA (meta siltstone)
-  KURIDALA (phyllite-phyllitic silt)
-  KURIDALA (carbonaceous siltstone)
-  ROXMERE (Roxmere Quartzite)
-  STAVELEY (undifferentiated)
-  STAVELEY (carbonate siltstone-sandstone)
-  STAVELEY (calc-silicates)
-  STAVELEY (chl-mte schist)
-  STAVELEY (qz-hem IF)
-  STAVELEY (qz-mte IF)
-  WONGA (Gin Creek Granite)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (intruded/hornfelsed)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (undifferentiated)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (amphibolite)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (mica-chl schist)

-  Holocene Cover
-  Late Tertiary-Quaternary Cover
-  Mesozoic Cover













# Mount Elliott-SWAN LEGENDS

## Mt Elliott-Corbould-SWAN Grade Shells

-  0.25eq pct Cu projected
-  1.0 eq pct Cu projected
-  2.0 eq pct Cu projected











## Structure





-  late Xcut Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  late D4 Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  early D4 Faults
-  D2 Faults
-  D2-D3 antiform
-  D2-D3 synform
-  D1 Fault
-  possible D1 fold
-  contacts
-  bedding trend lines



















Mount Elliott-Corbould-SWAN  
0.25eq pct Cu projected

## Structure






-  late Xcut Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  late D4 Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  early D4 Faults
-  D2 Faults
-  D2-D3 antiform
-  D2-D3 synform
-  D1 Fault
-  possible D1 fold
-  contacts
-  bedding trend lines

-  microdiorite
-  ironstone/gossan
-  WILLIAMS (Squirrel Hills Granite)
-  metadolerite, amphibolite
-  SWAN diorite

## TIMESLICE / Stratigraphy / Lithology

-  XXXX (undifferentiated)
-  XXXX (carbonaceous metased)
-  XXXX (shale, slate, carbonaceous silt)
-  XXXX (phyllite)
-  XXXX (schist)
-  XXXX (metadolerite)
-  XXXX (hematitic chert)
-  XXXX (metabasalt)
-  NEW HOPE-MT NORNA (New Hope Sandstone)
-  KURIDALA (schist)
-  KURIDALA (undifferentiated)
-  KURIDALA (phyllite-phyllitic silt)
-  KURIDALA (carbonaceous siltstone)
-  ROXMERE (Roxmere Quartzite)
-  STAVELEY (undifferentiated)
-  STAVELEY (calc-silicates)

## Mt Elliott Auger-80# - CU (Cu ppm)

-  6,200 to 26,000
-  2,400 to 6,200
-  900 to 2,400
-  300 to 900
-  0 to 300




## Mt Elliott Auger-80# - AG (Ag ppm)

-  50 to 200
-  7 to 50
-  2 to 7
-  1 to 2
-  -1 to 1









## Mt Elliott Auger-80# - CO (Co ppm)

-  350 to 4,200
-  120 to 350
-  80 to 120
-  50 to 80
-  0 to 50



# Merlin-Mount Dore LEGENDS

	Merlin Mo projected
	Little Wizard Mo projected
	Mount Dore Cu projected











**Structure**

	late Xcut Faults (post WILLIAMS)
	very late D4 Faults (post WILLIAMS)
	early D4 Faults
	D2 Faults
	D2-D3 antiform
	D2-D3 synform
	contacts
	amphibolite, metadolerite






  

	WILLIAMS (Mount Dore Granite)
	metadolerite, amphibolite






**TIMESLICE / Stratigraphy / Lithology**

	KURIDALA (undifferentiated)
	KURIDALA (meta siltstone)
	KURIDALA (phyllite-phyllitic silt)
	KURIDALA (carbonaceous siltstone)
	ROXMERE (Roxmere Quartzite)
	STAVELEY (undifferentiated)
	STAVELEY (carbonate siltstone-sandstone)
	STAVELEY (calc-silicates)
	STAVELEY (qz-hem IF)
	STAVELEY (qz-mte IF)






**Mt Dore Soil - CU**  
XRF (Cu ppm)

	2,010 to 6,250
	580 to 2,010
	300 to 580
	200 to 300
	10 to 200

**Mt Dore Soil - AU**  
XRF (Au ppm)





	40 to 100
	30 to 40
	18 to 30
	12 to 18
	-10,000 to 12

**Mt Dore Soil - MO**  
XRF (Mo ppm)













	200 to 500
	100 to 200
	60 to 100
	20 to 60
	-10,000 to 20






# Starra LEGENDS











-  Starra Cu-Au projected
-  Merlin Mo projected
-  Little Wizard Mo projected
-  Mount Dore Cu projected

## Structure

-  late Xcut Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  late D4 Faults (post WILLIAMS)
-  early D4 Faults (syn WILLIAMS)
-  D2 Faults
-  D2-D3 antiform
-  D2-D3 synform
-  D1 Faults
-  pre D1 Faults
-  contacts
-  bedding trend lines
-  metamorphic trend lines
-  amphibolite, metadolerite






-  Amythest Castle breccia
-  WILLIAMS (Mount Dore Granite)
-  metadolerite, amphibolite

## TIMESLICE / Stratigraphy / Lithology

-  NEW HOPE-MT NORNA (New Hope Sandstone)
-  KURIDALA (undifferentiated)
-  KURIDALA (meta siltstone)
-  KURIDALA (phyllite-phyllitic silt)
-  KURIDALA (carbonaceous siltstone)
-  ROXMERE (Roxmere Quartzite)
-  STAVELEY (undifferentiated)
-  STAVELEY (carbonate siltstone-sandstone)
-  STAVELEY (calc-silicates)
-  STAVELEY (chl-mte schist)
-  STAVELEY (qz-hem IF)
-  STAVELEY (qz-mte IF)
-  WONGA (Gin Creek Granite)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (intruded/hornfelsed)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (undifferentiated)
-  DOUBLE CROSSING METAMORPHICS (mica-chl schist)






### Starra Line Soil - CU

(Cu ppm)

-  1,500 to 2,880
-  800 to 1,500
-  500 to 700
-  200 to 500
-  0 to 200

### Starra Line Soil - AU

(Au ppb)

-  900 to 1,650
-  100 to 900
-  50 to 100
-  25 to 50
-  0 to 25