SMIBRC WH Bryan Mining & Geology Research Centre

FUTORES II Townsville, June 2017

'Deep Mining Queensland: A new view of Structural-Stratigraphic-Magmatic, Cu-Au-Mo Prospectivity in the southern Cloncurry Belt'

Mark Hinman



Geological Survey of Queensland







Deep Mining Queensland Project - southern Cloncurry Belt

'Prospectivity - Mineability - Viability' Overall aims to reduce risk of exploring for large, massmineable deposits at depth in the southern Cloncurry Belt.

Brief overview of Results & Products TODAY

DMQ Project Team

Dr Travis Murphy (Exploration & Mine Geology) Dr Mark Hinman (Exploration & Mine Geology) Dr Mark Pirlo (Exploration Geochemistry) John Donohue (Exploration Geophysics) Rick Valenta (new BRC Program Leader) Mark Jones (Software Engineering) Adrian Pratt (Mining Engineer)

Acknowledgements

Chinova ... data including detailed geophysics, detailed prospect mapping & historic project databases **GSQ** ... **Future Resources Program**; pre-release 100K mapping, geochron database <u>Historic Work</u>... Leishman, 1970s-80s; Searl, 1952; ... & many others; many companies









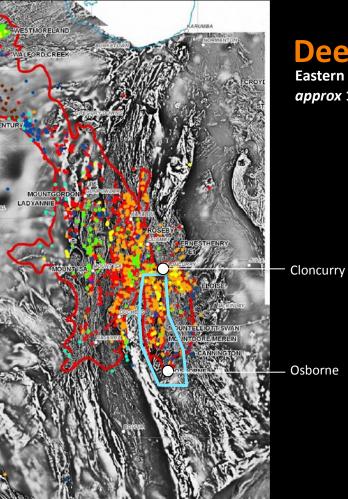






THE UNIVERSITY OF OUEENSLAND





Deep Mining Queensland Project Location Eastern Fold Belt between Cloncurry & Osborne

approx 180x50km







DMQ Geological Re-interpretation Regional vs Detailed Magnetics

GA Mag tmi-rtp v6 (2015) 80m grid

MT ELLIOTT

MERLIN MOUNT DORE

STARRA

SWAN

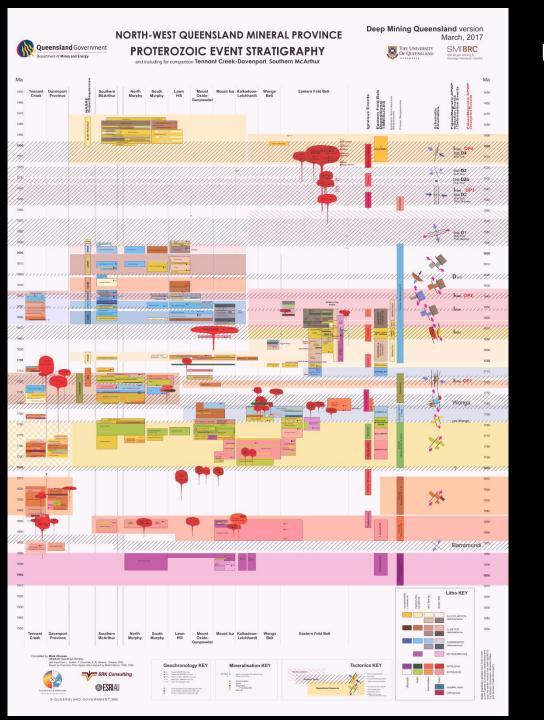
Chinova detailed Mag merge vrmi-2vd (2010) 10m grid

UNT DORE

Very significant difference in resolution

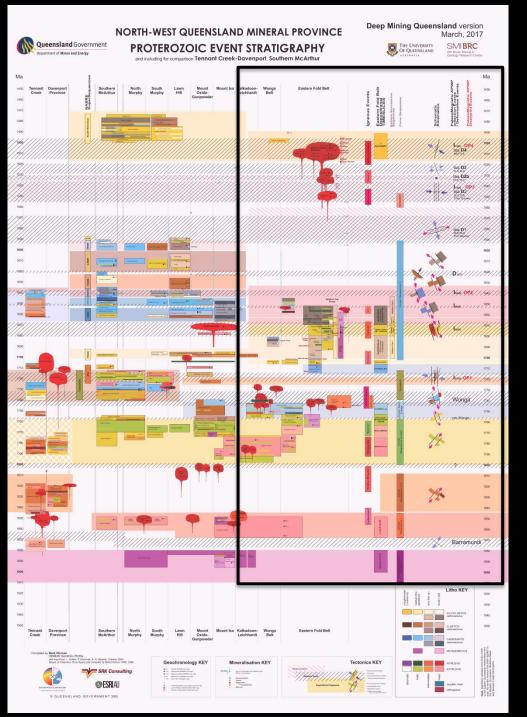
... has allowed a high fidelity interpretation

> package continuity
 > package architecture
 > fine faulting architecture



Updated DMQ 2017 version of 2000 NWQMP T-x Chart

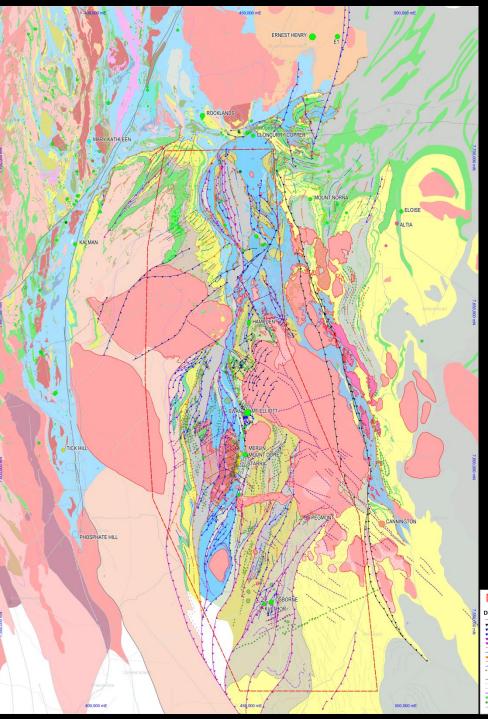




Updated DMQ 2017 version of 2000 NWQMP T-x Chart

- Reflects current understanding of EFB package relationships gleaned from the DMQ interpretation & latest geochronology (Withnall-Parsons, 2007-2009; NWQMEP, 2011; GSQ geochron database, Withnall, 2016)
- Updated Isan Deformation Events to reflect D1, D2, D2b, D3 & D4 in common usage.
- **TIMESLICES** reflecting **DMQ re-packaging** of mapped Formations, Members & units.





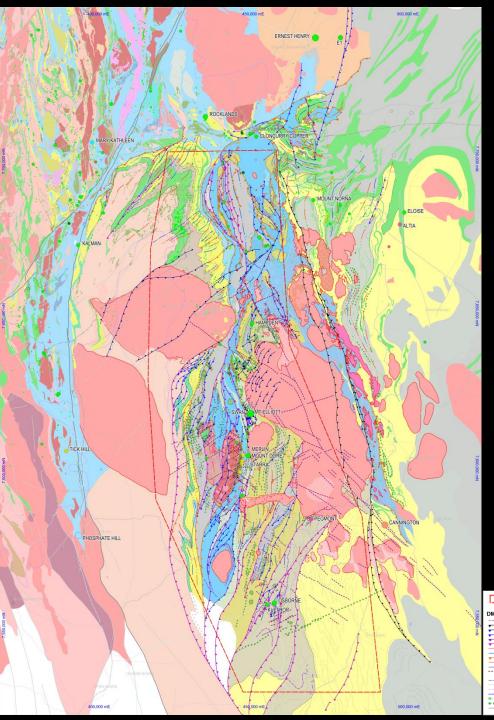
DMQ-reinterpreted Solid Geology

DMQ Solid Geology PRODUCTS

• ~1:50K Solid Geology Interpretation







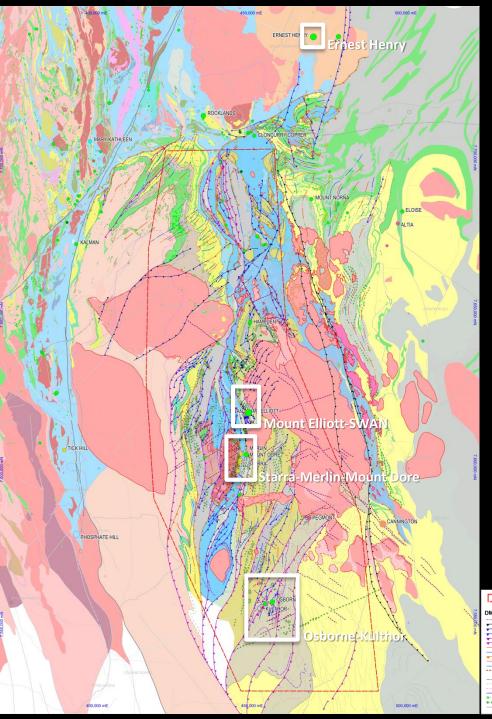
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- ~1:50K Solid Geology Interpretation
- GIS Package of TIMESLICED Geology
- GIS Event-attributed Structures



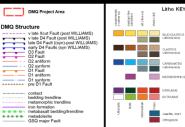




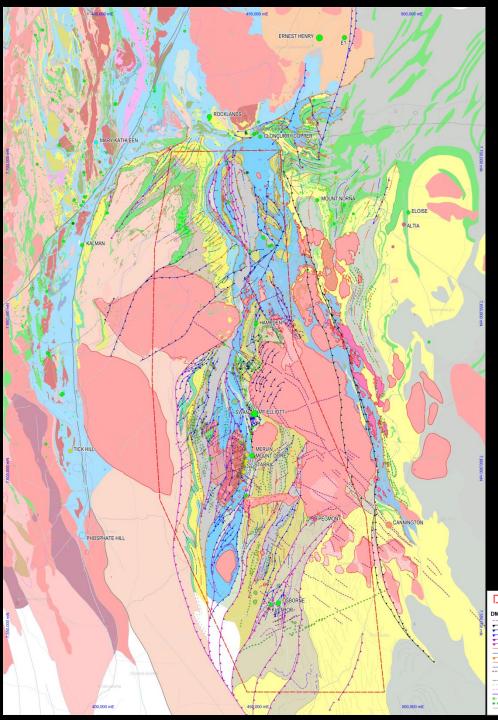
DMQ-reinterpreted Solid Geology

DMQ Solid Geology PRODUCTS

- ~1:50K Solid Geology Interpretation
- GIS Package of TIMESLICED Geology
- GIS Event-attributed Structures
- **Detailed** ~1:5-10K **Local Compilations**
- 29-step EFB Assembly Model







Assembly Model of the southern Cloncurry Belt

Series of maps sequentially highlighting

Depositional TIMESLICES, Deformation EVENTS, and Magmatic EPISODES

... ~1900Ma to ~1400Ma ... culminate in Cu-Au-Mo mineralisation

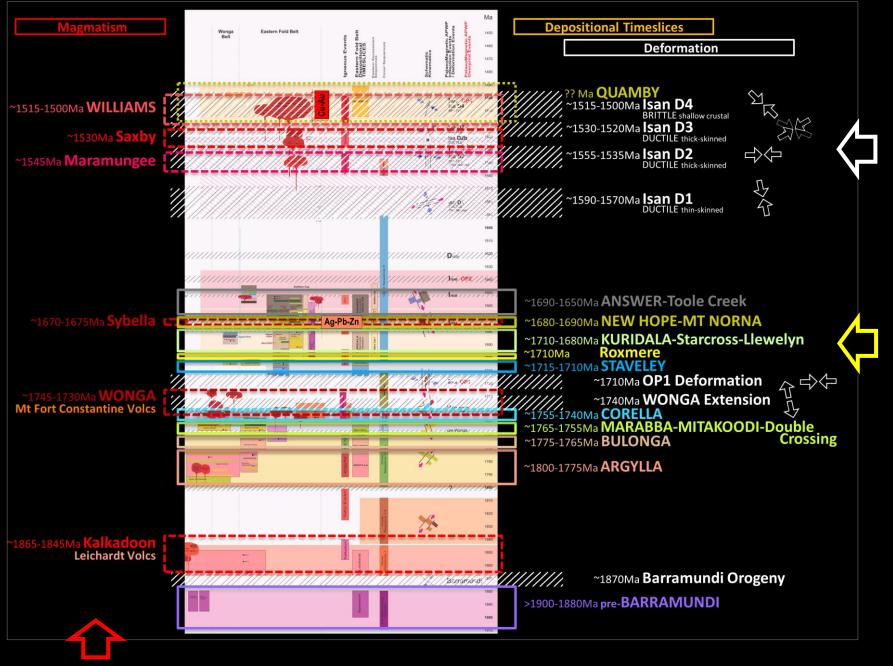
Insights into package relationships, their origins, compositions & nature of their structural juxtapositioning ...

... in particular, the <u>stratigraphic</u> and <u>structural</u> juxtapositioning of contrasting <u>Redox packages</u>

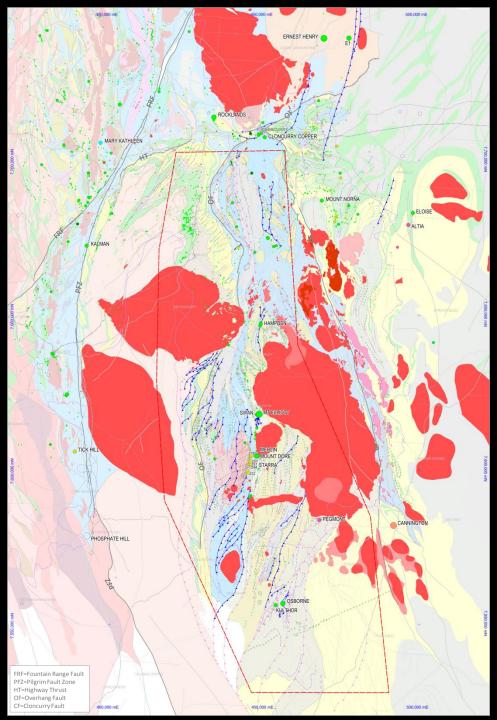
... which is integral to DMQ Cu-Au-Mo Propsectivity Analysis







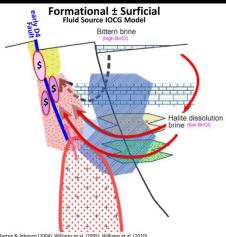
Highlights 29 phases of Accumulation in TIMESLICES, Deformation EVENTS and Episodes of Magmatism in relation to Mineralisation but time short!

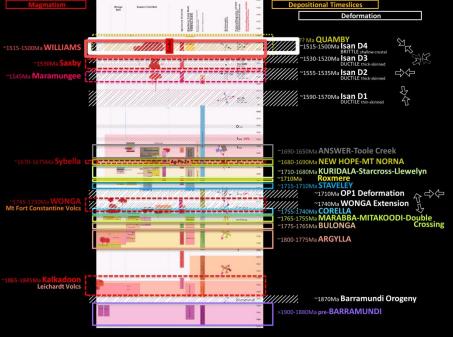


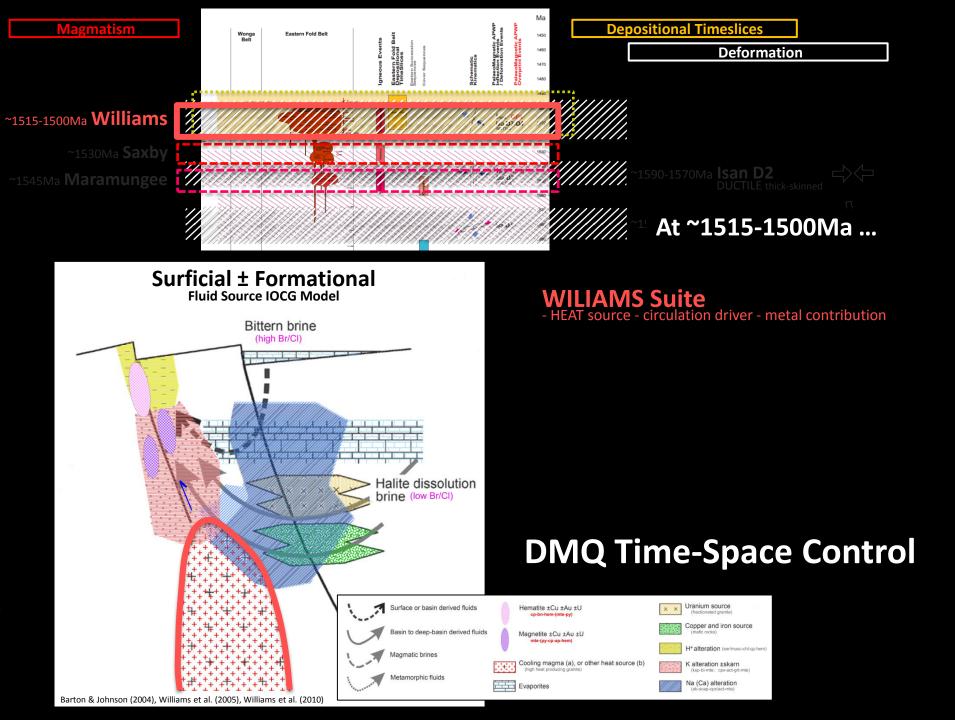
~1515-1500Ma early **D4 Faulting/re-Activation** ~1515-1500Ma WILLIAMS Magmatism Cu-Au, Au-Cu, Mo-Cu

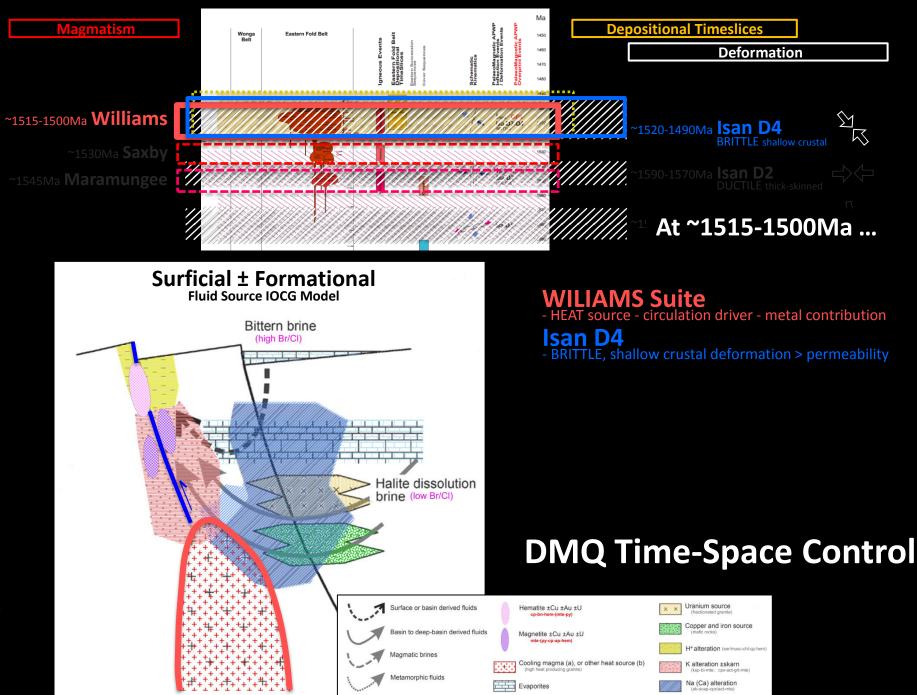
<u>Post-peak meta-times</u>, at shallower crustal levels, <u>NW-directed shortening</u> results in early **D4 Faulting/re-Activation** of older structures .. focuses **Cu-Au-Mo minz**

- D4 Faults (cf D1-D2-D3) are small scale with small displacements; many so small that not mapped.
- Circulating, highTemp oxidised brines that have scavenged metal are focused in BRITTLE fracture-breccia zones to form ...
- Spectrum of Cu-Au-Mo deposits as function of scavenged metal content, magmatic metal input, reduced S available at deposition site and P-T-x conditions en route & at site of deposition.

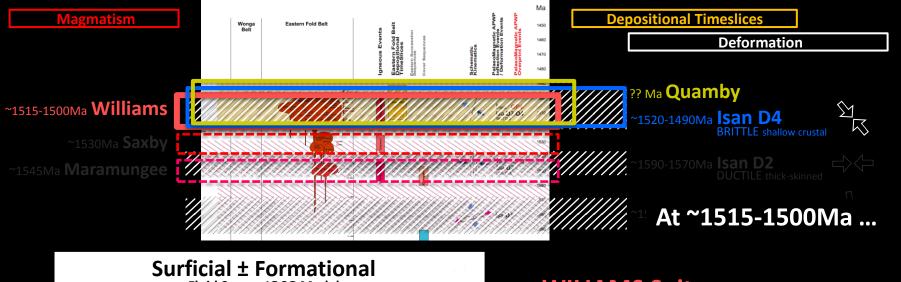




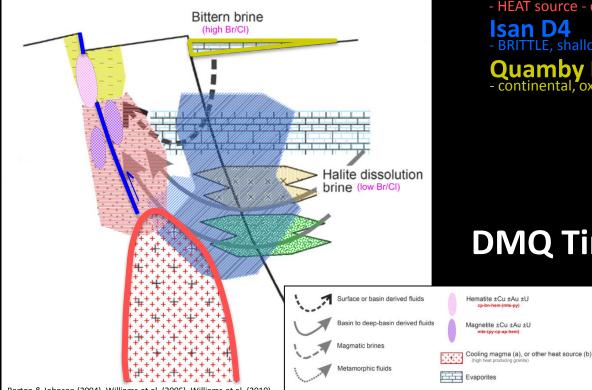




Barton & Johnson (2004), Williams et al. (2005), Williams et al. (2010)



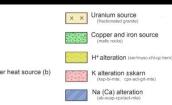
Fluid Source IOCG Model



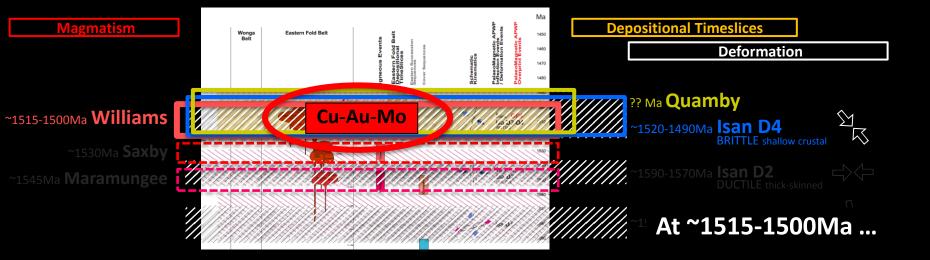
WILIAMS Suite - HEAT source - circulation driver - metal contribution Isan D4

- BRITTLE, shallow crustal deformation > permeability Quamby Basin - continental, oxidised, evaporitic brine source

DMQ Time-Space Control



Barton & Johnson (2004), Williams et al. (2005), Williams et al. (2010)



Halite dissolution brine (low Br/Cl) WILIAMS Suite - HEAT source - circulation driver - metal contribution Isan D4 - BRITTLE, shallow crustal deformation > permeability Quamby Basin - continental, oxidised, evaporitic brine source

>> Cu-Au-Mo *IOCG/ISCG* Mineralisation

DMQ Time-Space Control



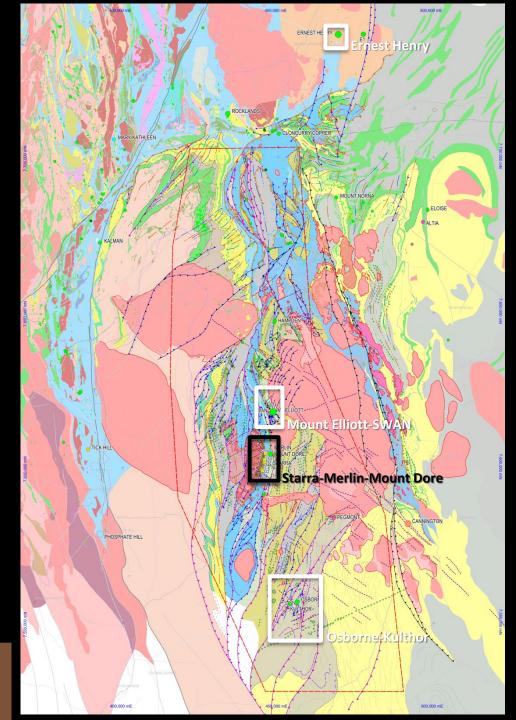
Barton & Johnson (2004), Williams et al. (2005), Williams et al. (2010)

Surficial ± Formational

Fluid Source IOCG Model

Bittern brine

(high Br/CI)



DMQ District to Local: Deposit Controls

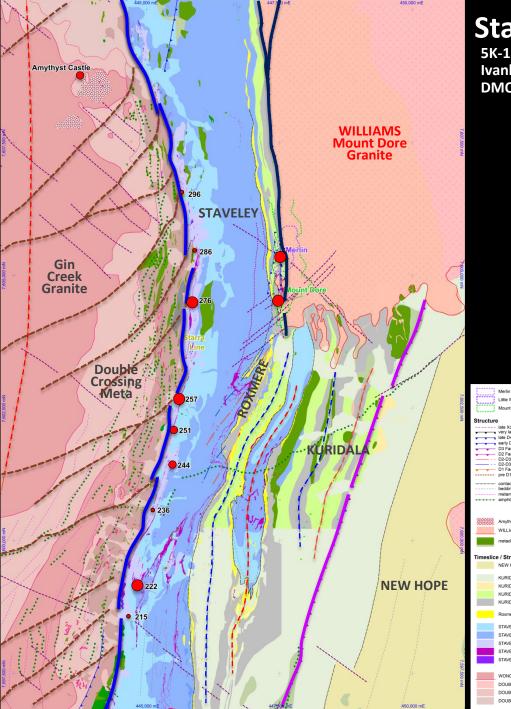
detailed geological compilations

& interpretations of geodynamic mineralisation control

> Starra-Merlin-Mount Dore Mount Elliott-SWAN Osborne-Kulthor Ernest Henry



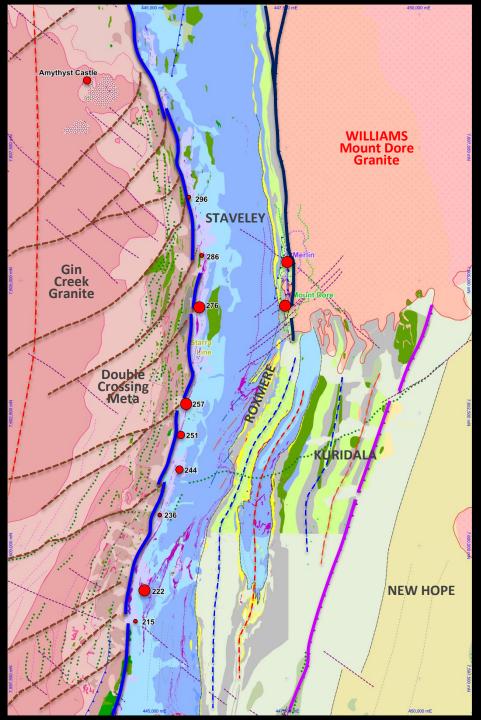




Starra-Merlin-Mount Dore

5K-10K Leishman Geology (1970s-1980s) **Ivanhoe-Chinova Mapping** (2000s) **DMQ Geophysical Interpretation** (2016)





Starra-Merlin-Mount Dore

5K-10K Leishman Geology (1970s-1980s) Ivanhoe-Chinova Mapping (2000s) DMQ Geophysical Interpretation (2016)

MARRABA-MITAKOODI-Double Crossing Metamorphics

syn-deformational WONGA Gin Creek Granite

OP1 Exhumation of DCM-GCG ... Block Faulting Significant offsets of GCG-DCM

STAVELEY ROXMERE KURIDALA NEW HOPE ... deposited somewhere to the south(-east)

D1 thin-skinned, <u>sub-horizontal</u>, NNW-overthrust of STAVELEY-ROXMERE-KURIDALA-NEW HOPE over DCM-GCG (Starra Shear)

E-W Folds; highly attenuated/folded MIF-HIF; over FW architecture

D2 EW-shortening Folding

D1 *Starra Shear* folded to sub-vertical; F1 folds steep in *Starra Shear* cf sub-horizontal F2 Folds >> steep ribbons & rootless folds of MIF

D2 EW-shortening Reverse Faulting/re-Activation

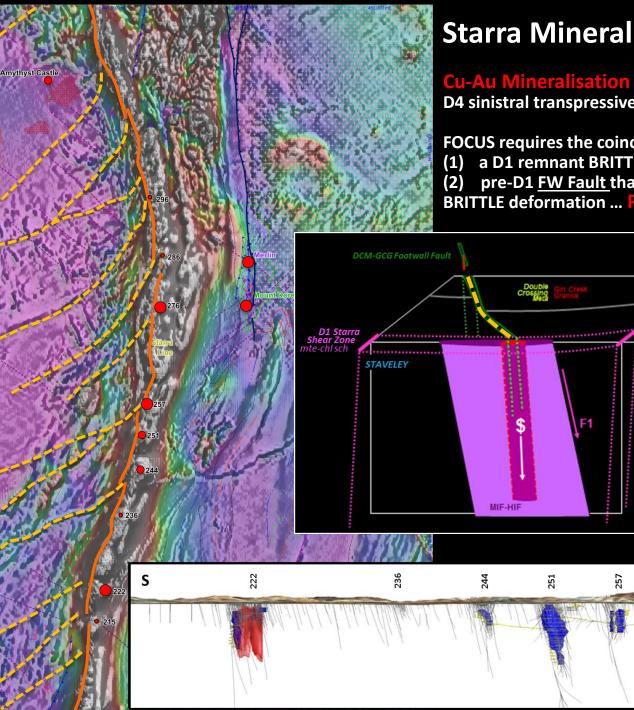
Re-activated D1 Starra Shear; new F2 Folds

D4 NW-directed, BRITTLE Transpressive Re-activation; WILLIAMS Mount Dore Granite intrusion; Mineralisation

Along *Starra Line*: FW block architecture contribution to Fr-Bx where remnant MIF coincident with FW Faults At *Merlin-Mount Dore*: strain intensification; small-scale D4 Faulting

Late D4, post-mineral Faulting

Mount Dore Granite over Merlin-Mount Dore Cu-Au-Mo



Starra Mineralisation Model

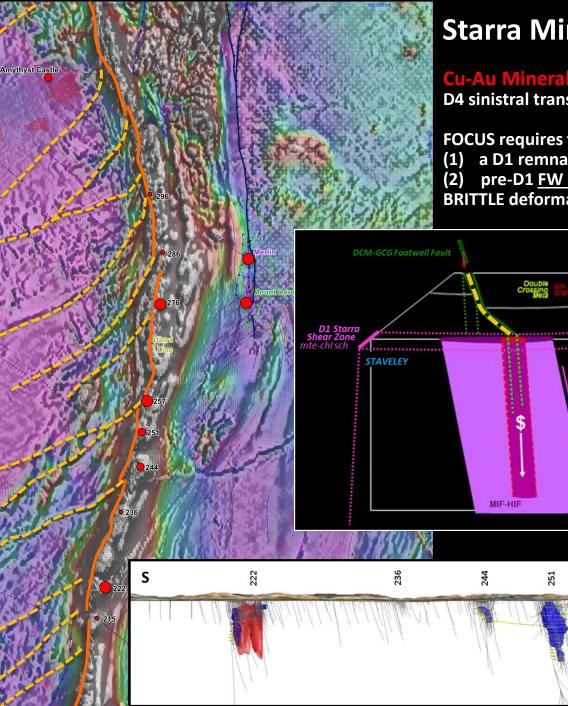
Cu-Au Mineralisation forms during ... D4 sinistral transpressive re-activation of D1 Starra Shear

FOCUS requires the coincidence of ...

(1) a D1 remnant BRITTLE ribbon of massive IF with

(2) pre-D1 <u>FW Fault</u> that contributes to the focused BRITTLE deformation ... Permeability > Cu-Au

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Starra Mineralisation Model

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> Orebody plunge reflects intersection of the pre-D1 FW Faults with the *Starra Shear*, <u>NOT</u> the plunge of the rotated IF D1 ribbons & folds

Strong magnetic signature > Large volumes of *chl-magnetite schist* accommodates the D4 re-activation by slip on existing fabrics ... NO Permeability

Ν

In D4 time ... Need BRITTLE lithology in a D4 structural setting that compels it to BRECCIATE

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..... often insignificant Faults (not mappable) & insignificant re-Activations of older structures

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But NEED BRITTLE Host that survives into POST-PEAK META times BRECCIATES > PERMEABILITY > Mineralisation

Vast volumes mod-high grade schists (-gneisses) in **POST-PEAK META** times ... accommodate D4 shortening by slip on existing peak-metamorphic fabrics ... **NO BRECCIATION > NO PERMEABILITY > No Mineralisation**

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Structural abutting of BRITTLE lithology against D4 re-activating D2-structures ... KULTHOR BRITTLE lithologies against small-displacement D4 Faults MERLIN-Mt DORE BRITTLE D1-remnants of IF coincident high angle FW weakness STARRA BRITTLE lithologies within D4 strain partitioning domains ... Mt ELLIOTT-SWAN, EH

> Different Geodynamic Games in Different Camps NO D4 Structural Silver Bullets

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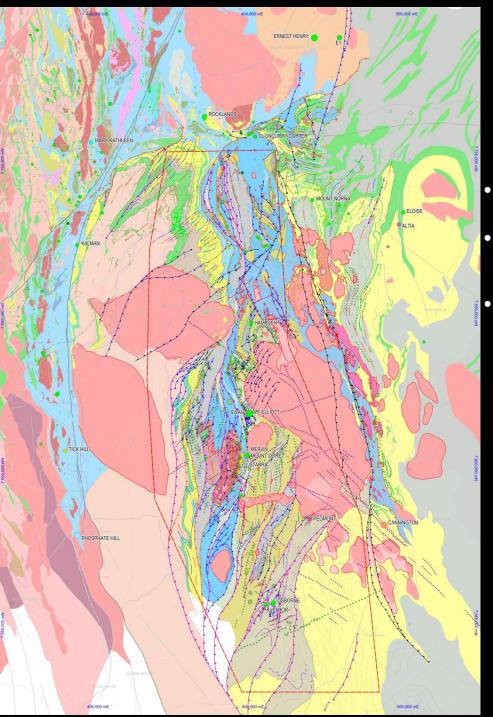
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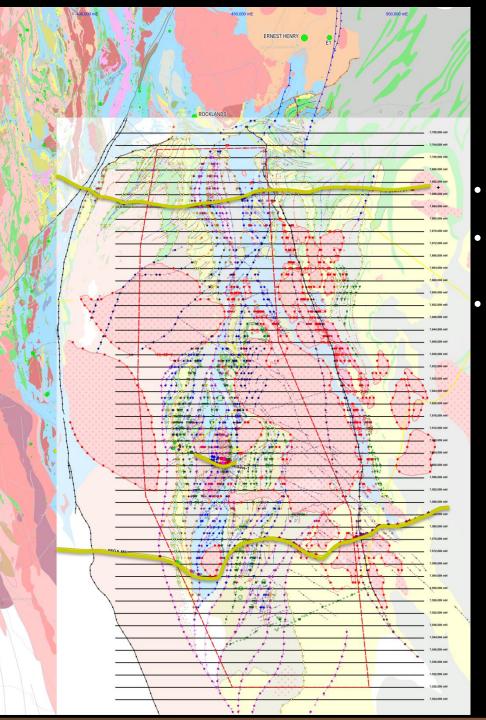
ALL in proximity to juxtapositoning of **Redox-contrasting** packages! But **ALL** synchronous with **WILLIAMS** intrusion!



DMQ 3D Geological Model

Particular Focus on ...

- Exploreable Depths .. 0-2km
- Production of a robustly-constrained 4D-Prospectivity Analysis
- Purposely NOT a crustal-scale Analysis



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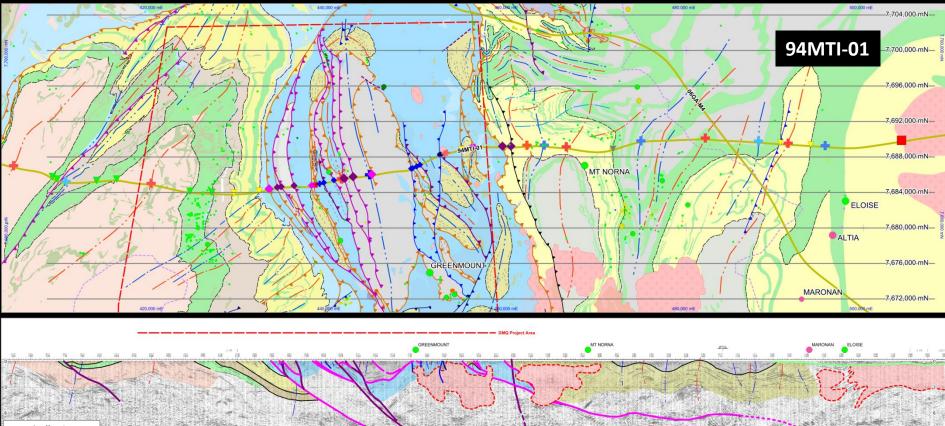
DMQ produced ...

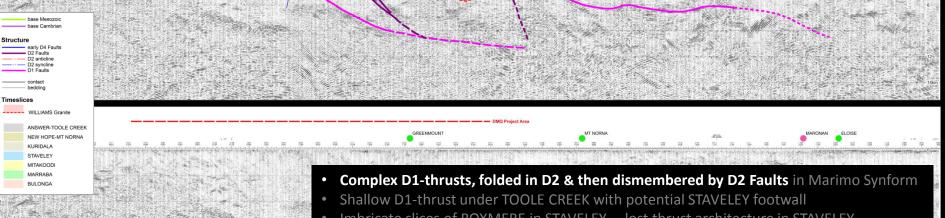
Forty-seven, 4km-spaced SECTIONS

... heavily leveraged Solid Geology ... and 3 Seismic Lines

> chinova HiSeis

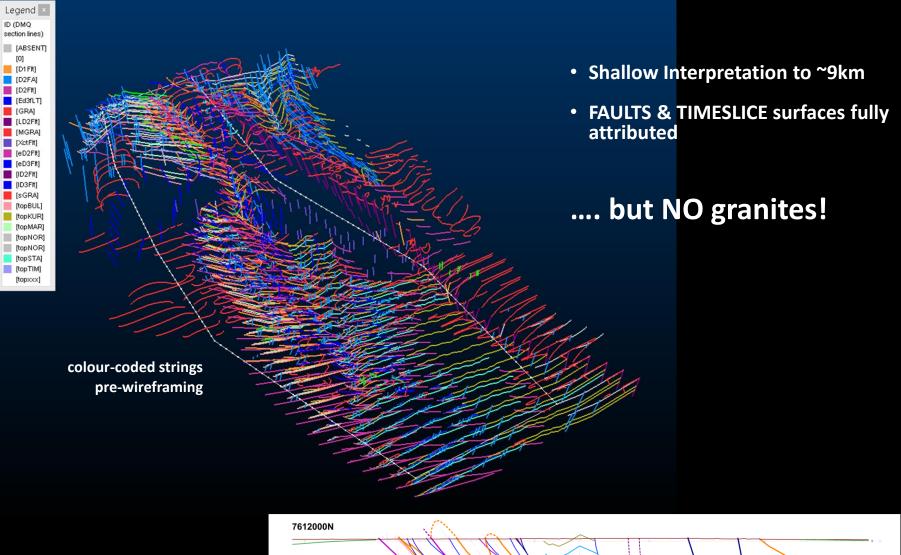
... acknowledge

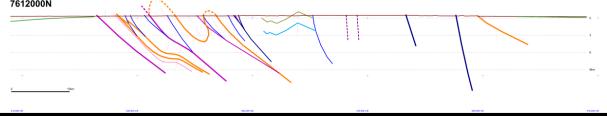


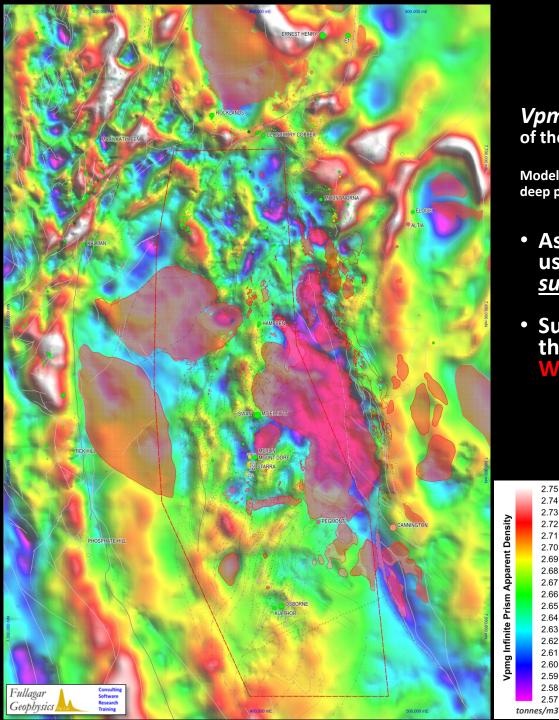


- Imbricate slices of ROXMERE in STAVELEY ... lost thrust architecture in STAVELEY
- Some near-surface granites ... hitherto unremarked •
- Overhang Thrust soles at depth
- Gentle Mitakoodi Culmination ... FORM SURFACES!

DMQ 3D Geological Model built on forty-seven, 4km-spaced Sections







What about the Granites?

Vpmg Apparent Density Inversion Model of the GA 2011 Gravity Data

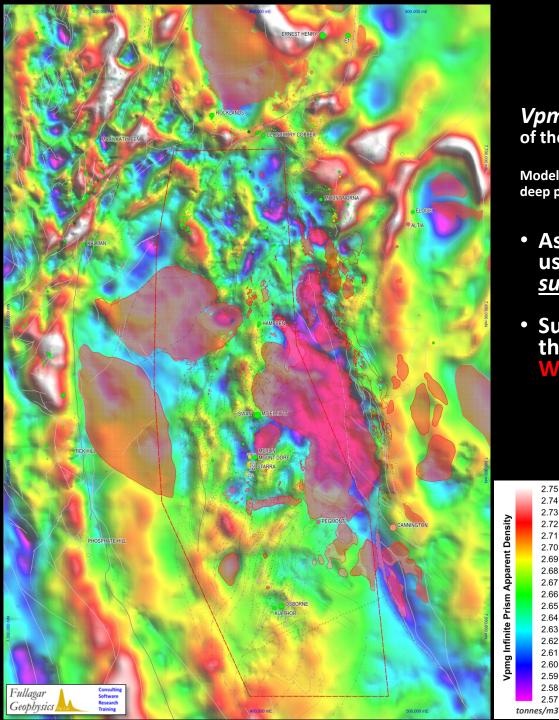
Models a single density to each of a mesh of 900m x 900m x 25km deep prisms to match the gravity data ...

- Assumes no crustal architecture but usefully highlights density *deficits* & ullet<u>surpluses</u>
- Suggests granite is <u>far more extensive</u> than the mapped/interpreted WILLIAMS outcrop extent

2.75 2.74 2.73

2.72 2.71 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.67 2.66 2.65 2.64 2.63 2.62 2.61 2.60 2.59 2.58

2.57



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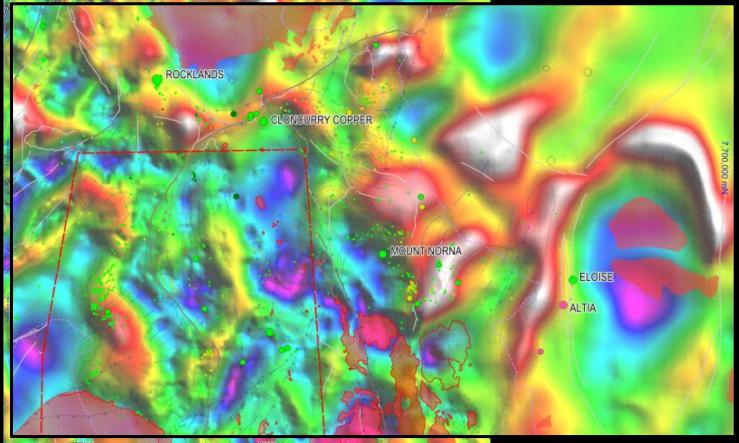
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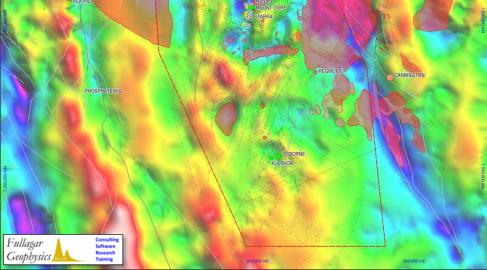
2.57

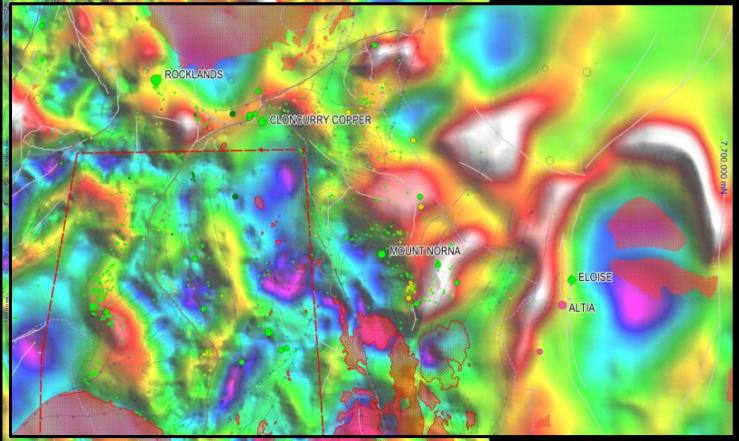
This image drove DMQ into geologicallyconstrained Gravity Inversion Modelling!



... but more importantly!

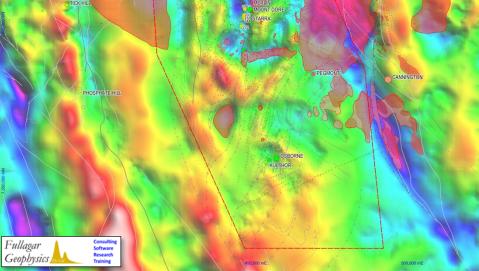
Highlights the location many Cu-Au deposits & occurrences OVER margins & shoulders of what DMQ interpret to be WILLIAMS intrusives at depth





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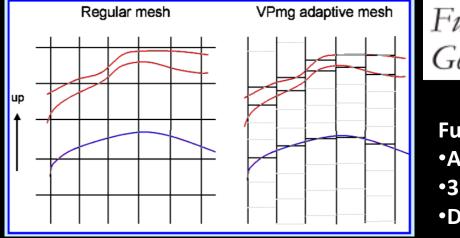


Highlights a LACK of deposits & occurrences in the roof zones of those intrusives ...

.. which suggests that fertile Cu-Au mineralising fluids FLOW UP the margins and <u>NOT</u> out of the roofs of the intrusives ...

... implies that fluid circulation, <u>NOT</u> simple magmatic exhalation, is IMPORTANT

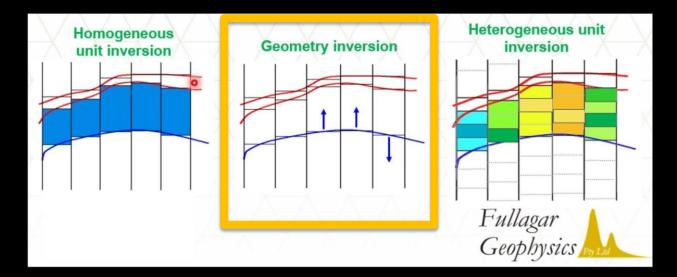
Geologically-constrained Vpmg Gravity Inversion





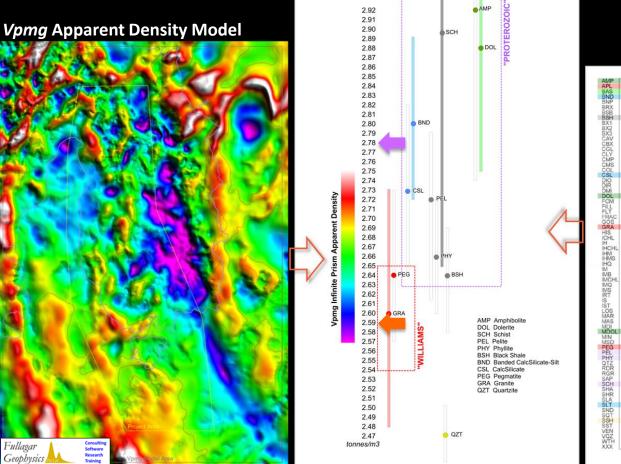
Fullagar Geophysics VPmg advantages ...
Adaptive mesh better fits known geometries
3 modes of inversion available
DMQ made use of all of them ...

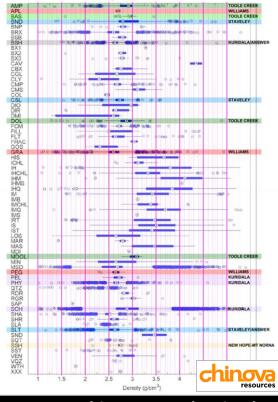
... but heavy use of **GEOMETRY INVERSION**











Properties from measurements

0.001.0

-

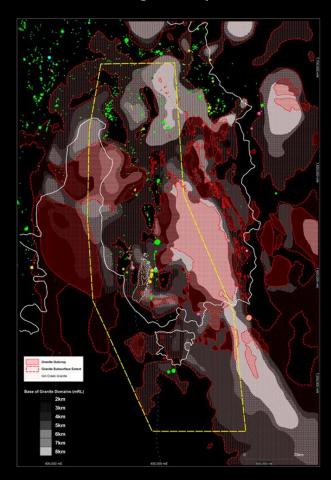
Chinova DDH density data

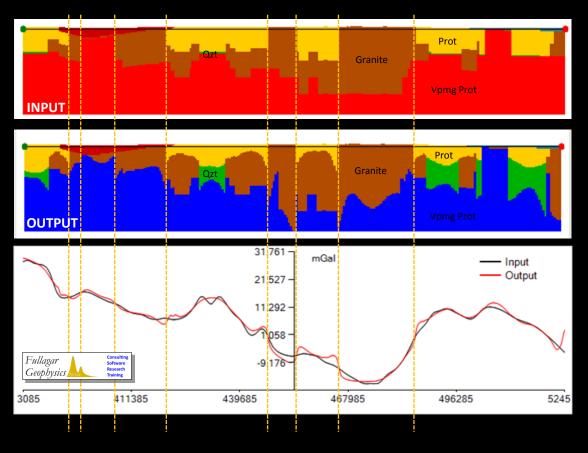
	San trans
A Land I E	TATES IN AND A PROPERTY OF ADDRESS OF

	LOW		MEDIUM		HIGH		
b/g	2.67	contrast	2.67	contrast	2.67	contrast	
'Cover'	2.45	-0.22	2.45	-0.22	2.45	-0.22	
'Cover LST'					2.54	-0.13	
'Granite'	2.61	-0.06	2.61	-0.06	2.59	-0.08	
'Proterozoic'	2.73	+0.06	2.79	+0.12	2.78	+0.11	

Geologically-constrained *Vpmg* Gravity Inversion <u>Domained</u> RL, Base-of-Granite Models

Honoured Granite outcrop <u>Domained</u> RL Base-of-Granite START depths Granite free to 'grow' top and/or bottom

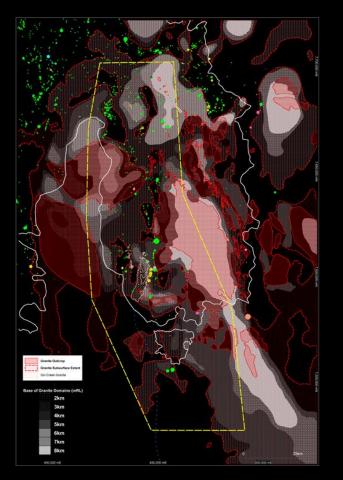


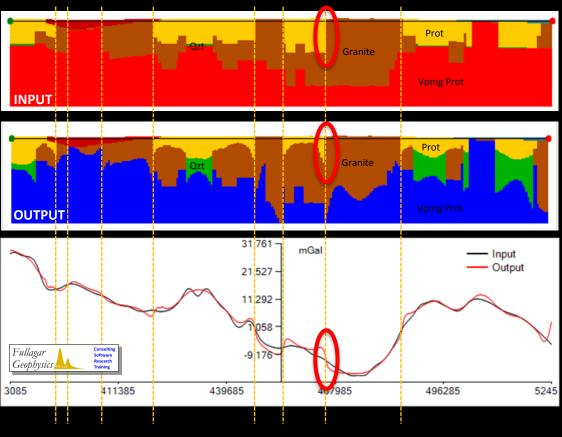




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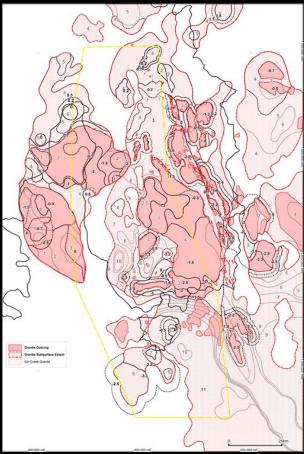


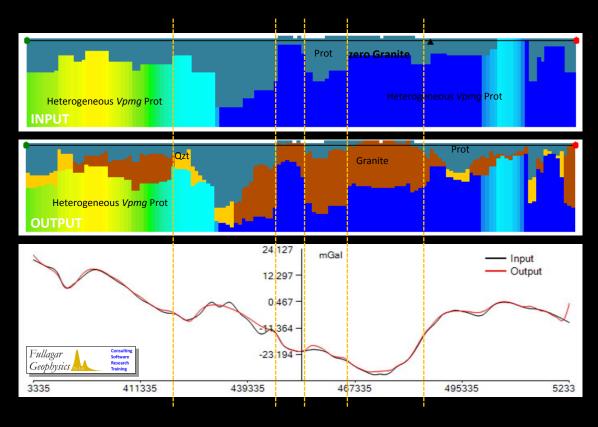
Unable to produce geologically-reasonable & smooth transitions from outcrop into the subsurface; nasty dipoles on contacts



Geologically-constrained *Vpmg* Gravity Inversion <u>Domained</u> RL, mid-Granite 'PERT' Models

Domained zero-thickness Granite START ... NO Granite outcrop! High Density Vpmg basement fixes 'PERT' Vpmg function to drive 'growth' equally up & down from START depth

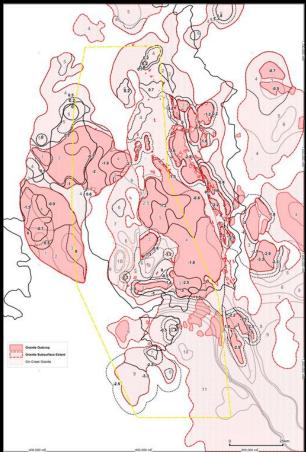


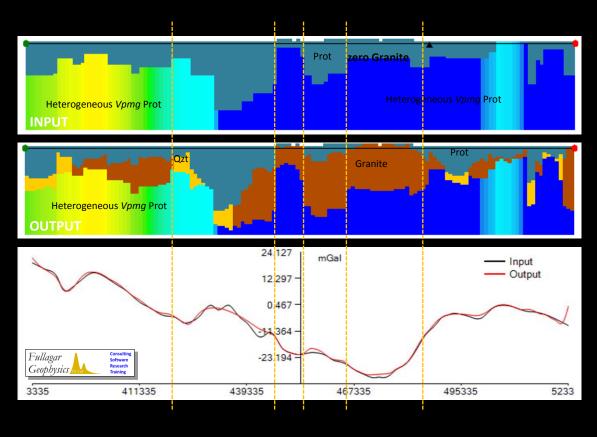




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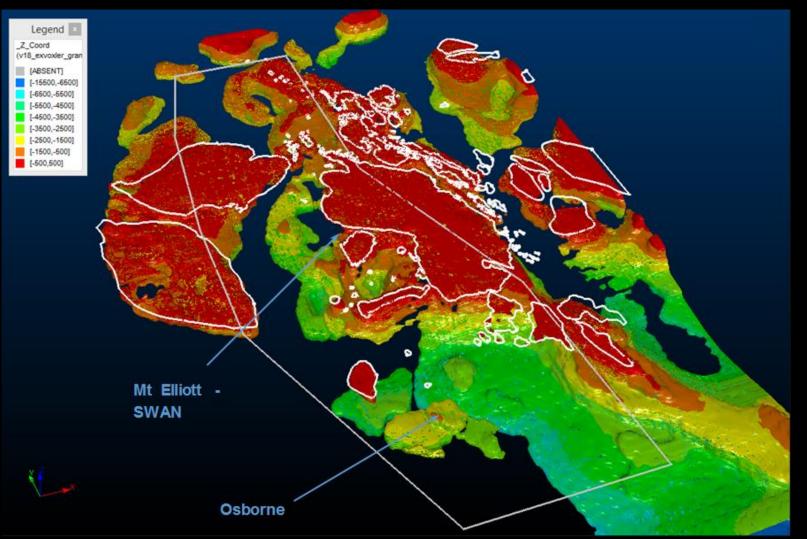




Ultimately SUCCESSFUL Produce geologically-reasonable granite morphologies; built outcrop where required; matched sub-surface geological constraints & produced smooth transitions from outcrop



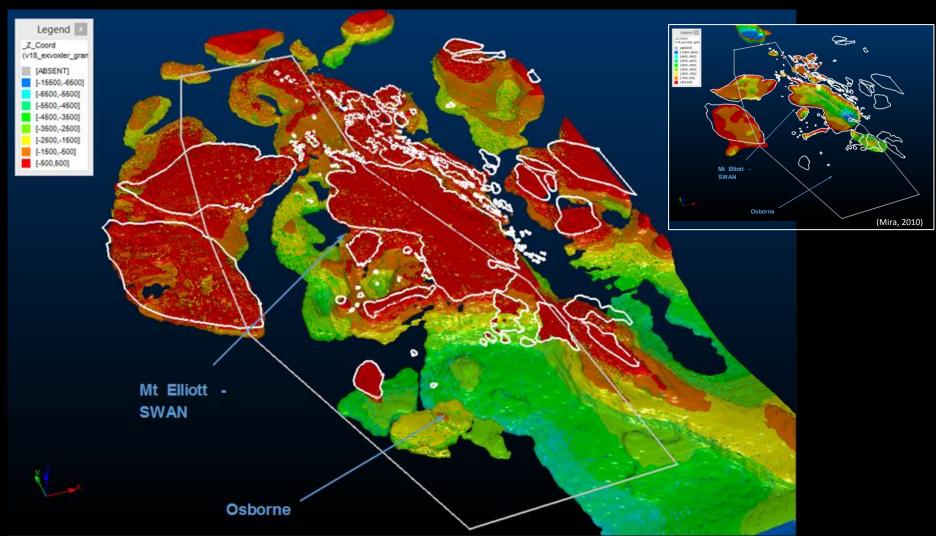
Geologically-Constrained Vpmg Gravity Inversion Domained RL mid-Granite 'PERT' Models



Version 18 DMQ Granite Model ... into 4D geological model & DMQ Prospectivity Analysis



Geologically-Constrained Vpmg Gravity Inversion Domained RL mid-Granite 'PERT' Models

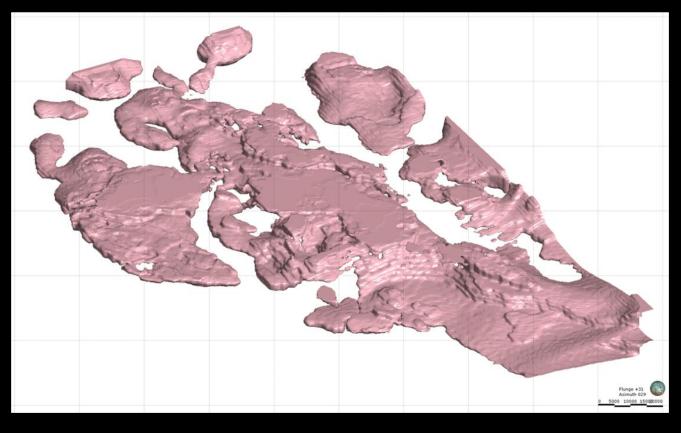


Version 18 DMQ Granite Model ... into 4D geological model & DMQ Prospectivity Analysis



Prospectivity Analysis built on ...

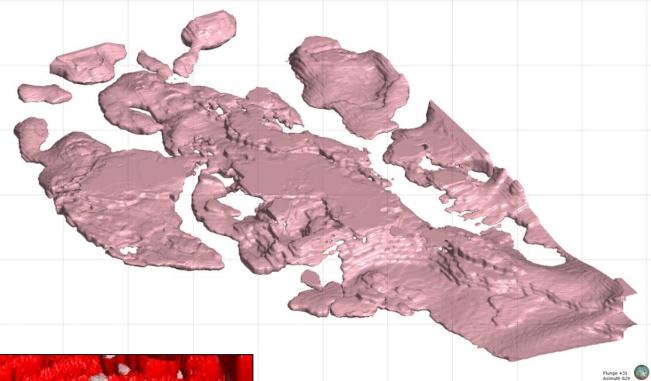
... 3D WILLIAMS Intrusives

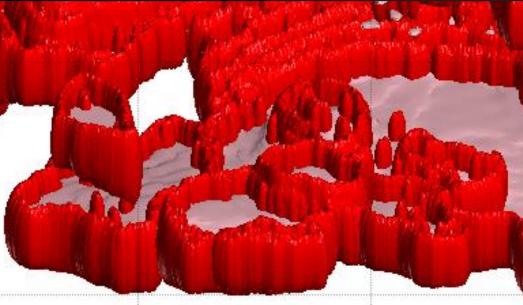




Prospectivity Analysis built on ...

... 3D WILLIAMS Intrusives





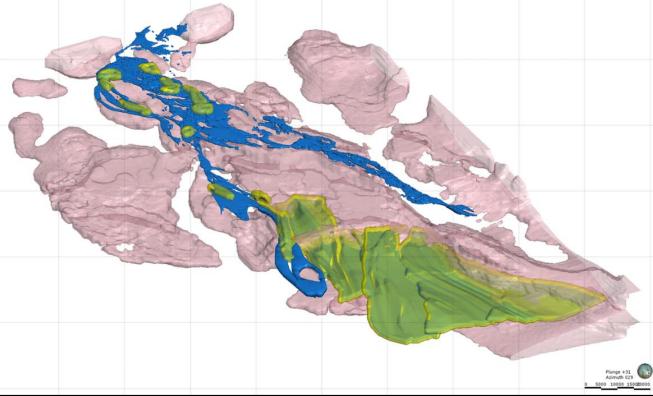
Applied an Anisotropic BUFFER to ...

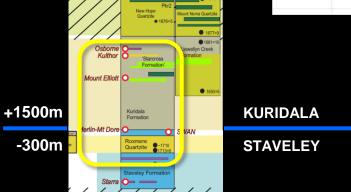
Margins, Shoulders & Apophyses of WILLIAMS Intrusives



Top-of-STAVELEY Stratigraphic Redox Contact

BUFFER

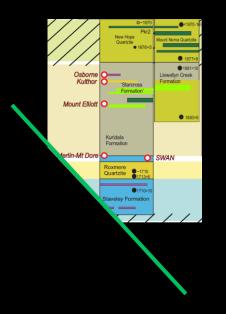


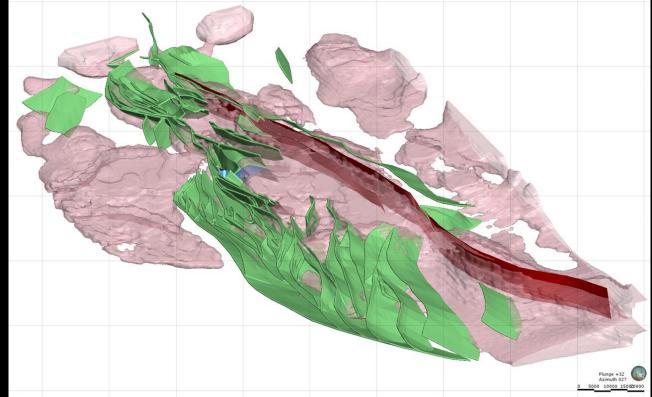


Asymmetric BUFFER applied to Top-of-STAVELEY



Pre-D4 Structures with potential Redox juxtapositioning



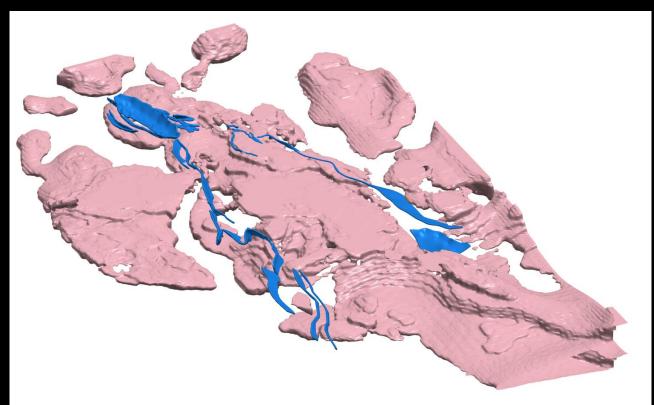


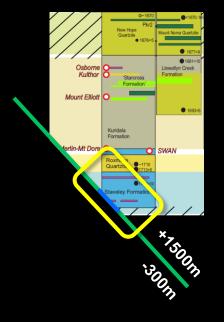


STAVELEY Structural Redox Contact

BUFFER

Pre-D4 Structures with potential Redox juxtapositioning



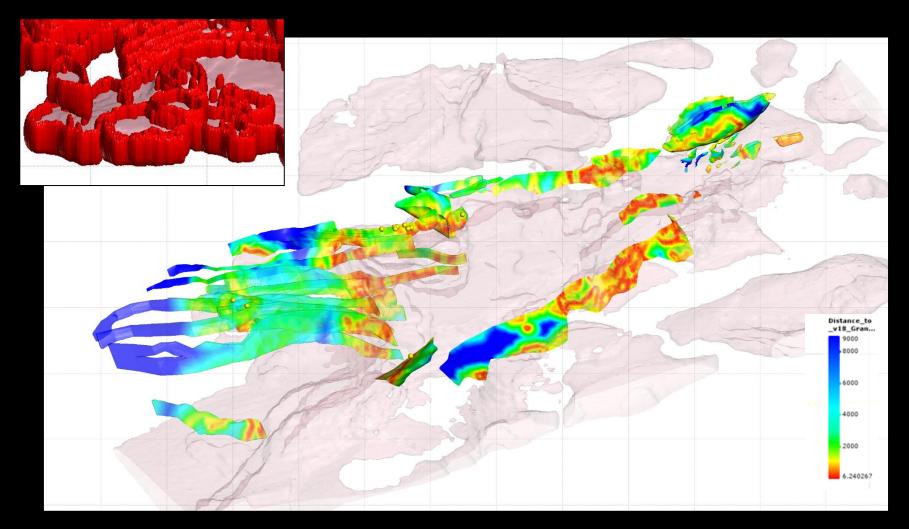


Asymmetric BUFFER applied to STAVELEY structural juxtapositioning

... Footwall & Hangingwall

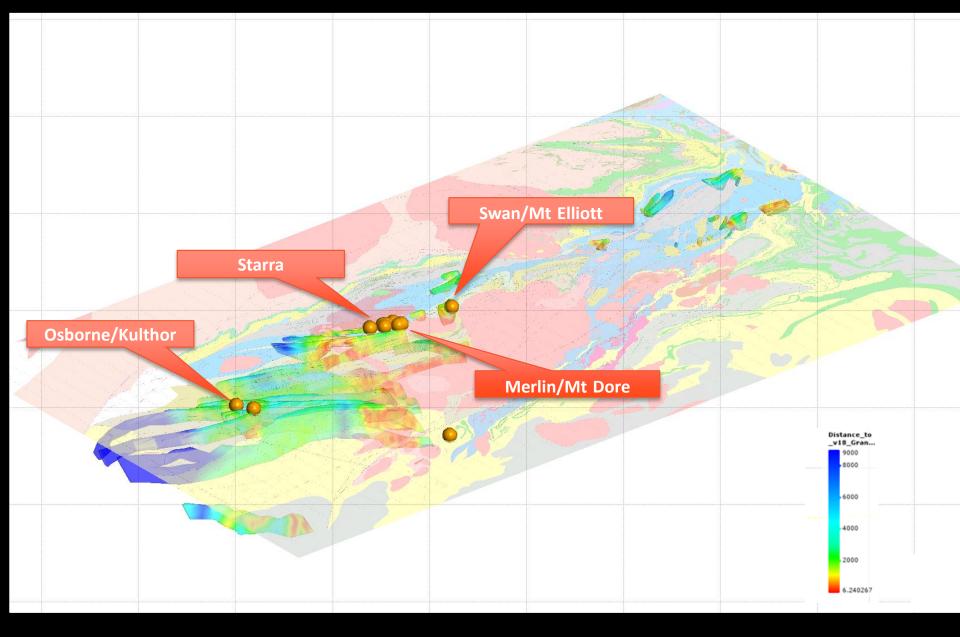


Combined Redox <u>Stratigraphic</u> & <u>Structural</u> BUFFERs ... intersected with WILLIAMS intrusive BUFFER Distance



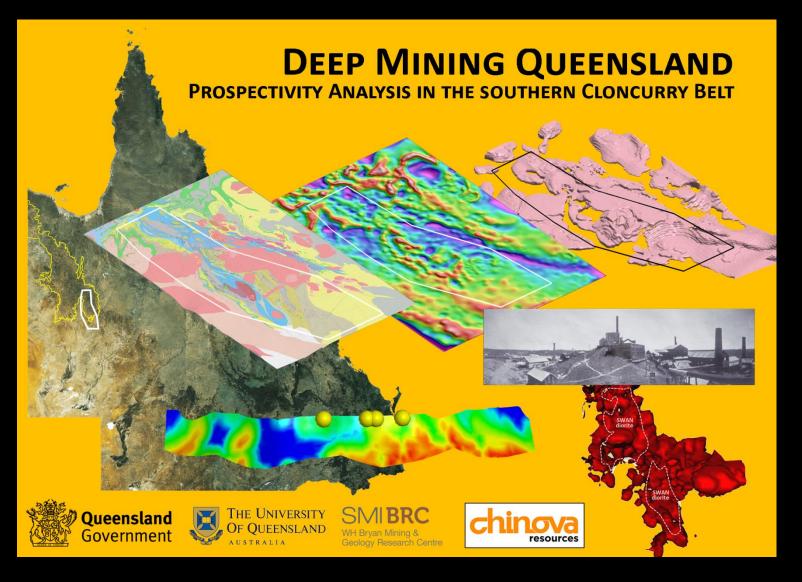
Hot colours indicate proximity to projected WILLIAMS Margins, Shoulders & Apophyses at depth





Successful Prediction & Lots of Upside Potential at depth !





Detailed presentations at *https://brc.uq.edu.au/project/brc-<u>deep-mining-queensland</u> DMQ FINAL REPORT to be released on QDEX after review*

T-x Chart, GIS Solid Geology, EFB Assembly Model, Leapfrog Viewer Model, DXFs, Geophysical Library, Geochemistry Review, Prospect Evaluation Tool-PEET, on-line A3 Report

